## MOUNTING AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



## EB 2111/2121/2123 EN

Translation of original instructions



## **Type 1, Type 4 and Type 4u Temperature Regulators** Self-operated Regulators

Edition March 2023



#### Note on these mounting and operating instructions

These mounting and operating instructions assist you in mounting and operating the device safely. The instructions are binding for handling SAMSON devices. The images shown in these instructions are for illustration purposes only. The actual product may vary.

- ➔ For the safe and proper use of these instructions, read them carefully and keep them for later reference.
- → If you have any questions about these instructions, contact SAMSON's After-sales Service (aftersalesservice@samsongroup.com).



The mounting and operating instructions for the devices are included in the scope of delivery. The latest documentation is available on our website at www.samsongroup.com > Service & Support > Downloads > Documentation.

### Definition of signal words

## 

Hazardous situations which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury

## 

Hazardous situations which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury

## 

Property damage message or malfunction

### i Note

Additional information

-☆- Tip

Recommended action

EB 2111/2121/2123 EN

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## 1 Safety instructions and measures

#### Intended use

The SAMSON Type 1, Type 4 and Type 4u Regulators are temperature regulators. They consist of a Type 2111 or Type 2422 Valve and a Type 2231, Type 2232 or Type 2234 Control Thermostat. These regulator components are delivered separately.

The self-operated regulators are used to control the temperature in plants. Liquids, gases and vapors in district heating system, extended heating systems or industrial plants can be controlled by the regulators.

The regulators are designed to operate under exactly defined conditions (e.g. operating pressure, process medium, temperature). Therefore, operators must ensure that the regulators are only used in operating conditions that meet the specifications used for sizing the devices at the ordering stage. In case operators intend to use the regulators in applications or conditions other than those specified, contact SAMSON.

SAMSON does not assume any liability for damage resulting from the failure to use the device for its intended purpose or for damage caused by external forces or any other external factors.

→ Refer to the technical data and nameplate for limits and fields of application as well as possible uses.

#### Reasonably foreseeable misuse

The regulators are not suitable for the following applications:

- Use outside the limits defined during sizing and by the technical data
- Use outside the limits defined by the additional fittings mounted on the regulator

Furthermore, the following activities do not comply with the intended use:

- Use of non-original spare parts
- Performing service and repair work not described

### Qualifications of operating personnel

The regulator must be mounted, started up, serviced and repaired by fully trained and qualified personnel only; the accepted industry codes and practices must be observed. According to these mounting and operating instructions, trained personnel refers to individuals who are able to judge the work they are assigned to and recognize possible hazards due to their specialized training, their knowledge and experience as well as their knowledge of the applicable standards.

#### Personal protective equipment

We recommend checking the hazards posed by the process medium being used (e.g.

- ► GESTIS (CLP) hazardous substances database). Depending on the process medium and/ or the activity, the protective equipment required includes:
- Protective clothing, safety gloves and eye protection in applications with hot, cold and/or corrosive media
- Wear hearing protection when working near the valve. Follow the instructions given by the plant operator.
- Hard hat
- Safety harness, e.g. when working at height
- Safety footwear, if applicable ESD (electrostatic discharge) footwear
- → Check with the plant operator for details on further protective equipment.

#### **Revisions and other modifications**

Revisions, conversions or other modifications of the product are not authorized by SAMSON. They are performed at the user's own risk and may lead to safety hazards, for example. Furthermore, the product may no longer meet the requirements for its intended use.

#### Warning against residual hazards

To avoid personal injury or property damage, plant operators and operating personnel must prevent hazards that could be caused in the regulator by the process medium, the operating pressure or by moving parts by taking appropriate precautions. Plant operators and operating personnel must observe all hazard statements, warnings and caution notes in these mounting and operating instructions.

Hazards resulting from the special working conditions at the installation site of the regulator must be identified in a risk assessment and prevented through the corresponding safety instructions drawn up by the operator.

We also recommend checking the hazards posed by the process medium being used (e.g.

- GESTIS (CLP) hazardous substances database).
- → Observe safety measures for handling the device as well as fire prevention and explosion protection measures.

These mounting and operating instructions deals with the standard version of the device. Components of the device that differ to those used for the standard version described in this document can be exchanged with other certain SAMSON components. The residual hazards of these components are described in the associated mounting and operating instructions (see documents listed under 'Referenced documentation').

#### Safety features

The Type 1, Type 4 and Type 4u Regulators do not have any special safety features. When relieved of pressure, the Type 1 and Type 4 Regulators are opened by the force of the set point springs. When relieved of pressure, the Type 4u Regulator is closed by the force of the set point springs in the reversing device.

#### Responsibilities of the operator

Operators are responsible for proper use and compliance with the safety regulations. Operators are obliged to provide these mounting and operating instructions as well as the referenced documents to the operating personnel and to instruct them in proper operation. Furthermore, operators must ensure that operating personnel or third parties are not exposed to any danger.

Operators are additionally responsible for ensuring that the limits for the product defined in the technical data are observed. This also applies to the start-up and shutdown procedures. Start-up and shutdown procedures fall within the scope of the operator's duties and, as such, are not part of these mounting and operating instructions. SAMSON is unable to make any statements about these procedures since the operative details (e.g. differential pressures and temperatures) vary in each individual case and are only known to the operator.

### Responsibilities of operating personnel

Operating personnel must read and understand these mounting and operating instructions as well as the referenced documents and observe the specified hazard statements, warnings and caution notes. Furthermore, operating personnel must be familiar with the applicable health, safety and accident prevention regulations and comply with them.

### Referenced standards, directives and regulations

The regulators comply with the requirements of the European Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU, Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Directive 2016 No. 1105 Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016 and Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008. Regulators with a CE marking and/or UKCA marking have a declaration of conformity, which includes information about the applied conformity assessment procedure. The declaration of conformity is included in the 'Certificates' section.

According to the ignition hazard assessment performed in accordance with Clause 5.2 of ISO 80079-36, the non-electrical regulators do not have their own potential ignition source even in the rare incident of an operating fault. As a result, they do not fall within the scope of Directive 2014/34/EU.

→ For connection to the equipotential bonding system, observe the requirements specified in Clause 6.4 of EN 60079-14 (VDE 0165-1).

## **Referenced documentation**

The following documents apply in addition to these mounting and operating instructions:

- Mounting and operating instructions for

e.g.	Type 2231 and Type 2232 Control Thermostats (bulb sensors) Type 2234 Air Sensor	► EB 2231
e.g.	Type 2213 Safety Temperature Monitor (STM)	► EB 2043
e.g.	Safety temperature limiters (STL) with Type 2212 Safety Thermostat	► EB 2046
e.g.	Type 2 N or 2 NI Strainer	▶ EB 1015
Data s	neets for	
e.g.	Double adapter Do2, Do2S · Manual adjuster Ma, MaS for temperature, differential pressure and flow regulators	► T 2036
e.g.	Typetested safety devices Type 1/, 4/, 9/	► T 2040
e.g.	Type 2213 Safety Temperature Monitor (STM)	► T 2043
e.g.	Safety temperature limiters (STL) with Type 2212 Safety Thermostat	► T 2046
e.g.	Type 2 N or 2 NI Strainer	▶ T 1015

 Mounting and operating instructions as well as data sheets for additional fittings (e.g. shut-off valves, pressure gauges etc.).

## 1.1 Notes on possible severe personal injury

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#### Risk of bursting in pressure equipment.

Regulators and pipelines are pressure equipment. Impermissible pressure or improper opening can lead to regulator components bursting.

- → Observe the maximum permissible pressure for regulator and plant.
- → If necessary, a suitable overpressure protection must be installed on site in the plant section.
- ➔ Before starting any work on the regulator, depressurize all plant sections affected as well as the regulator.
- → Drain the process medium from all the plant sections affected as well as the regulator.
- → Wear personal protective equipment.

## 1.2 Notes on possible personal injury

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# Risk of personal injury through incorrect operation, use or installation as a result of information on the regulator being illegible.

Over time, markings, labels and nameplates on the regulator may become covered with dirt or become illegible in some other way. As a result, hazards may go unnoticed and the necessary instructions not followed. There is a risk of personal injury.

- → Keep all relevant markings and inscriptions on the device in a constantly legible state.
- → Immediately renew damaged, missing or incorrect nameplates or labels.

### Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

The noise emissions depend on the valve version, plant facilities and process medium.

→ Wear hearing protection when working near the valve. Follow the instructions given by the plant operator.

## 

## Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

Incorrect opening of pressure equipment or mounting parts may lead to the process medium escaping to the atmosphere.

- → Do not loosen the control thermostat while the valve is pressurized.
- → Do not start up the regulator until all parts have been mounted.

### Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipelines.

Depending on the process medium, regulator components and pipelines may get very hot or cold and cause burn injuries.

- → Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- → Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

### Damage to health relating to the REACH regulation.

If a SAMSON device contains a substance listed as a substance of very high concern on the candidate list of the REACH regulation, this is indicated on the SAMSON delivery note.

→ Information on safe use of the part affected ▶ www.samsongroup.com/en/ about-samson/material-compliance/reach-regulation/.

### Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the regulator.

While working on the regulator, residual process medium can escape and, depending on its properties, may lead to personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

- → If possible, drain the process medium from all the plant sections affected and the regulator.
- → Wear protective clothing, safety gloves and eye protection.

## 1.3 Notes on possible property damage

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## Risk of regulator damage due to incorrectly attached slings.

➔ Do not attach load-bearing slings to the control thermostat (see information under 'Lifting the regulator' in the 'Shipment and on-site transport' section).

### Risk of regulator damage due to unsuitable medium properties.

The regulator is designed for a process medium with defined properties.

→ Only use the process medium specified for sizing the equipment.

## Risk of regulator damage due to contamination (e.g. solid particles) in the pipeline.

The plant operator is responsible for cleaning the pipelines in the plant.

→ Flush the pipelines before start-up.

### Risk of regulator damage due to the use of unsuitable lubricants.

The lubricants to be used depend on the regulator material. Unsuitable lubricants may corrode and damage surfaces.

→ Only use lubricants approved by SAMSON. When in doubt, consult SAMSON.

# Risk of leakage and regulator damage due to excessively high or low tightening torques.

Observe the specified torques when tightening regulator components. Excessive tightening torques lead to parts wearing out more quickly. Parts that are too loose may cause leakage.

→ Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).

### Risk of regulator damage due to the use of unsuitable tools.

Certain tools are required to work on the regulator.

→ Only use tools approved by SAMSON. When in doubt, consult SAMSON.

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Risk of the process medium being contaminated through the use of unsuitable lubricants and/or contaminated tools and components.

- → Keep the regulator and the tools used free from solvents and grease.
- → Make sure that only suitable lubricants are used.

## Risk of excess pressure damaging plant sections due to construction-related seat leakage through the regulator.

→ Always install a safety device (e.g. safety excess pressure valve or safety relief valve) in the plant.

# Risk of irreparable regulator damage caused by the regulator components being taken apart.

The control thermostat is an inseparable hydraulic unit consisting of a control thermostat, capillary tube and temperature sensor. If these components are dismantled (e.g. removal of the capillary tube), the regulator will be irreparably damaged and will no longer be able to fulfill its control task.

- → Do not dismantle the regulator.
- → Only perform allowed activities on the regulator.
- → Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service before replacing spare parts.

## **i** Information

SAMSON's After-sales Service can support you concerning lubricant, tightening torques and tools approved by SAMSON.

## 2 Markings on the device

Several nameplates are affixed to the device. The nameplates shown were up to date at the time of publication of this document. The nameplates on the device may differ from

the ones shown. The nameplates are used to identify the separate regulator components (see section 2.1).

## 2.1 Nameplates



Fig. 2-1: Nameplate of Type 2111 or Type 2422 Valve and Type 2231 to Type 2234 Control Thermostats



## 2.2 Location of the nameplates

# 2.3 Material identification number

## 2.3.1 Type 2111 and Type 2422 Valve

See the nameplate (11 for DIN/ANSI version, body material) for the material used. For more details on the nameplate, see section 2.1.

## 2.3.2 Types 2231 to 2234 Control Thermostat

Specifying the material number, you can contact us to find out which material is used. It is specified on the nameplate in the 'MNo.' field (2). For more details on the nameplate, see section 2.1.

## 3 Design and principle of operation

## → See Fig. 3-1

**Type 1/Type 4:** the valve closes as the medium temperature rises and when the temperature rises above the adjusted set point.

**Type 4u:** the valve opens as the medium temperature rises and when the temperature rises above the adjusted set point.

The temperature regulators consist of the valve (1), thermostat (temperature sensor) (19) and capillary tube (11).

The valve mainly consists of the body with seat (2), plug (3) and plug stem (5). Depending on the application, different thermostats can be attached to the valve.

The thermostat comprises the temperature sensor (19), set point adjuster (12.2), capillary tube (11) and operating element (8). The temperature regulators operate according to the liquid expansion principle. When, for example the temperature at the temperature sensor (19) increases, the liquid contained in the sensor expands, causing the pin (9) of the operating element to be pushed upward by the bellows (10). During this process, the pin pushes the plug stem (5) together with the plug (3) towards the valve seat as the temperature at the sensor continues to rise until the valve is fully closed.

The **Type 1** Temperature Regulator is equipped with an unbalanced valve. In contrast, **Type 4** has a valve balanced by a metal bellows (4.1).

In this case, the upstream pressure is transferred through the hole in the plug stem to the outer surface of the bellows and the downstream pressure to the inside of the bellows.

As a result, the forces acting on the plug are balanced out and the valve is fully balanced. Consequently, any pressure changes in the process medium do not affect the position of the valve plug.

The **Type 4u** Temperature Regulator acts in the reverse direction and is used in plants for cooling. Its principle of operation is reverse to that of the standard version, i.e. the valve opens when the temperature at the sensor rises. To achieve this, a reversing device is installed between the valve and the operating element in Type 4u.

The set point can be adjusted at the set point adjuster (12.2) using the key (12.1). By turning the key, a spindle moves the piston (18) up or down. The resulting change in volume in the sensor (19) causes the valve plug to travel according to the adjusted set point within a higher or lower temperature range measured by the sensor.

## Version with safety thermostat

When a Type 2212 or Type 2213 Safety Thermostat is attached to the valve or the regulator, this combination functions as a safety temperature limiter (TR/STL) or a safety temperature monitor (TR/STM).

Details in mounting and operating instructions

▶ EB 2046 (STL); ▶ EB 2043 (STM).



## Design and principle of operation

- 1 Valve body
- 2 Seat
- 3 Plug
- 4 Bottom section
- 4.1 Balancing bellows
- 5 Plug stem
- 5.1 Spring
- 3.1 Accessories

→ See Fig. 3-2

## Version with double adapter

The temperature regulator can be equipped with a double adapter to connect an additional control thermostat to control a further control variable.

See Data Sheet ▶ T 2036.

## Version with handwheel

For the manual operation of the valve. The manual adjuster can either be attached directly to the valve or at the double adapter instead of a control thermostat.

See Data Sheet ▶ T 2036.

## Extension piece

An extension piece is installed between valve and thermostat to protect the operating element against high temperatures.

**Type 1:** DN 15 to 50 for 220 °C and higher; with Type 2212 STL/Type 2213 STM: with valve made of spheroidal graphite iron or cast iron for 150 °C and higher.

**Type 4:** DN 15 to 100 for 220  $^{\circ}$ C and higher, DN 125 to 250 for 220  $^{\circ}$ C and higher already mounted to the valve, up to max. 350  $^{\circ}$ C.

- operating element
- 7 Coupling nut
- 8 Operating element
- 9 Pin of operating element
- 10 Operating bellows
- Capillary tube
   Set point adjustment key
- 12.2 Set point adjuster
- 13 Set point dial
- 14 Spindle
- 15 Excess temperature protection
- 16 Coupling nut
- 17 Double nipple
- 18 Piston
- 19 Thermostat with bulb sensor

## Separating piece

Mounted between the operating element and valve. It protects the operating element against overall pressures above 16 bar. In stainless steel regulators, it separates the operating element made free of non-ferrous metals from the medium in the valve. In addition, it prevents the medium from escaping on removing the thermostat.

Version A1: the spindle (2) is fitted with O-rings and seals the operating element against the process medium.

Version **A2**: a metal bellows is used as a sealing element.

## i Note

The Type 1, Type 4 and Type 4u Regulators are not safety valves. If necessary, a suitable overpressure protection must be installed on site in the plant section.

## Table 3-1: Design of Type 1 and Type 4

Temperature regulator	Valve	Thermostat
Туре 1	Туре 2111	
Type 4	Туре 2422	Type 2231 to
Type 4u	Type 2422 with reversing device	Туре 2234

#### Design and principle of operation





## 3.2 Additional fittings

→ See Fig. 3-3

## Strainers

We recommend installing a SAMSON strainer (2) upstream of the valve. It prevents solid particles in the process medium from damaging the regulator.

- ➔ Do not use the strainer to permanently filter the process medium.
- → Select a strainer (mesh size) suitable for the process medium.

## i Note

Any impurities carried along by the process medium may impair the proper functioning of the regulator. We recommend installing a strainer (e.g. SAMSON Type 2 NI) upstream of the temperature regulator (> EB 1015).

## Thermometer

Install a thermometer (3 and 5) at suitable points to monitor the temperatures prevailing in the plant.

## Bypass and shut-off valves

We recommend installing a shut-off valve (1 and 6) both upstream of the strainer and downstream of the regulator and installing a bypass line. The bypass ensures that the plant does not need to be shut down for service and repair work on the regulator.

## Insulation

Regulators can be insulated to reduce heat energy transfer.

Refer to the instructions in the 'Installation' section.

## 3.3 Technical data

The valve and actuator nameplates provide information on the valve and actuator versions (see the 'Markings on the device' section).

## i Note

More information is available in Data Sheets ► T 2111, ► T 2121 and ► T 2123.

## Process medium and scope of application

The temperature regulators are designed to maintain the temperature to the adjusted set point.

- For liquids, gases and vapors
- Max. temperature 350 °C/175 °F
- Set points from -10 to +250 °C/15 to 480 °F
- Valve sizes DN 15 to 150/NPS 1/2 to 6
- Pressure ratings PN 40 to 40/Class 150 to 300

The Type 1 and Type 4 Regulators are open when relieved of pressure. The valve **closes** when the temperature **rises**.

The Type 4u Regulator is closed when relieved of pressure. The valve **opens** when the temperature **rises.** 

## Conformity

The regulators bear the CE, UKCA and EAC marks of conformity.

Type 4 and Type 4u				
Ту	-			
CE	EAC	UK CA		

## Leakage class

The metal-seated regulator has the leakage class I according to IEC 60534-4. The soft-seated regulator has the leakage class IV according to IEC 60534-4.

#### Temperature range

Depending on how the regulator is configured, it can be used up to temperatures of 350 °C/660 °F (see Table 3-2). The minimum temperature is limited by the accessories used and the actuator's diaphragm material (▶ T 2121 and ▶ T 2123).

#### Noise emissions

SAMSON is unable to make general statements about noise emissions. The noise emissions depend on the regulator version, plant facilities, process medium and operating conditions.

### Dimensions and weights

Table 3-7 to Table 3-9 provide an overview of the dimensions and weights. The lengths and heights in the dimensional drawings are shown on pages 3-12 and 3-13.

Type 2111 Valve unbalanced Type 2422 Valve · Balanced by a bellows · Balanced by a diaphragm							
Valve size		DN 15 to 50/ NPS ½ to 2	DN 125 to 150/ NPS 5 to 6				
Pressure rating			PN 16, 25, 40				
Permissible	Without balancing	Max. 350 °C · See pressure-temperature diagram in ► T 2010	. 350 °C · See ure-temperature – am in ▶ T 2010				
valve	Balanced by a bellows	Max. 350 °C · See	gram in 🕨 T 2010				
temperature	Balanced by a dia- phragm	-	Max. 150 °C · See pressure-temperature diagram in ► T 2010	-			
Without balancing		≤0.05 % of K <sub>vs</sub> coefficient					
Leakage class according to IEC 60534-4	Balanced by a bellows	Metal seal: ≤0.05	Soft seal: ≤0.01 % of K <sub>vs</sub> coefficient				
	Balanced by a dia- phragm	_ Soft seal: ≤0.01 % K <sub>VS</sub> coefficient		-			
Conformity							

 Table 3-2:
 Technical data · Valves · All pressures in bar (gauge)

1) Not for Type 2111 Valve

	Table 3-3: Tea	chnical data · Contro	l thermostats · All	pressures in bar (g	auge)
--	----------------	-----------------------	---------------------	---------------------	-------

Types 2231	to 2234 Control Thermostat	Size 150				
Set point ranges		-10 to +90 °C, 20 to 120 °C or 50 to 150 °C For Types 2232 and 2234 also 100 to 200 °C, 150 to 250 °C				
Perm. ambient temperature at the set point adjustment		−40 to +80 °C				
Perm. temperature at the sensor		100 K above the adjusted set point				
Perm. pressure at	Type 2231 and Type 2232	Without/with thermowell: PN 40 · With thermowell: PN 40 · PN 100 <sup>1</sup> ) Thermowell with flange: PN 40 · PN 100 <sup>1</sup> )				
sensor	Туре 2234	Without thermowell: PN 40 · With flange on request				
Capillary tul	oe length	5 m (10 or 15 m as special version)				

<sup>1)</sup> Thermowell (DVGW version)

Type 2111 Valve · Unbalanced													
Valve size DN	1	15 20			2	5		32		40			50
K <sub>vs</sub> coefficient	4.	4.0 6.3				0		16			20	:	32
Max. perm. differential pressure Δp	25 b	25 bar <sup>1)</sup> 16 bar <sup>1)</sup>				oar		6 bar		6	bar <sup>2)</sup>	4	bar
Reduced $K_{VS}$ coefficient	0.1	0.1 · 0.4 · 1.0 · 2.5						6.3 <sup>1)</sup>			8.0		16
Max. permissible differential pressure Δp			25 bo	ar				16			14		6
Type 2422 Valve · Balanced I	y a bello	ws											
Valve size DN	15	20	25	32	40		50	65	80	0	100	125	150
Valve travel		10 mm					10			5 mm		22 mm	
K <sub>vs</sub> coefficient	4.0	6.3	8.0	16	20		32	50	80	0	125	190	280
Max. permissible differential pressure Δp	25 bar			bar				20 bar			r 16 b		12 bar
Reduced K <sub>vs</sub> coefficient	2.5	· 4.0	· 6.3	6.3	8 8.	)	16	32		80		0	125
Max. permissible differential pressure Δp				2	25 bar			20 bar		16 bar			
x <sub>FZ</sub> value	0.65	0.6	0.	55	0.4	5	C	0.4			0.35		
Type 2422 Valve · Balanced I	y a diap	hragm											
Valve size DN		65			80			100					
Valve travel						16 mm							
K <sub>vs</sub> coefficient	50			80			125						
Max. permissible differential pressure Δp						10	) bar						
x <sub>FZ</sub> value		0	.4						0.35	5			

**Table 3-4:**  $K_{VS}$  coefficients,  $x_{FZ}$  values and max. permissible differential pressures  $\Delta p$ 

<sup>1)</sup> With EN-GJS-400-18-LT: Δpmax. = 14 bar

<sup>2)</sup> In combination with Type 2212 STL: 4 bar

Type 2111 Valve · Unbalanced								
Valve size	DN 40 and 50		DN 15 to 50					
Pressure rating	PN 16	PN 25	PN 40					
Valve body	Cast iron EN-GJL-250	Spheroidal graphite iron EN-GJS-400-18-LT	Cast steel 1.0619	Cast stainless steel 1.4408				
Seat · Plug		Cr steel CrMo steel CrNiMo steel						
Plug stem · Spring	CrNi steel							
Bottom section		Cr steel		CrNi steel				
Body gasket		Graphite on r	metal core					
Extension piece Separating piece <sup>3)</sup>	Brass (for versi	on free of non-ferrous meta	l: CrNi steel)	CrNi steel				
Type 2422 Valve · Balance	d by a bellows							
Valve size DN 15 to 150								
Pressure rating	g PN 16 PN 16, 25 PN 1							
Valve body	Cast iron EN-GJL-250	Spheroidal graphite iron EN-GJS-400-18-LT 1.0619		Cast stainless steel 1.4408				
Seat	CrMo steel · Cr steel 4) CrNiMo steel							
Up to DN 100 <sup>1)</sup>	CrNiMo steel							
DN 125 to 250	CrN	iMo steel, plug with PTFE se	al	CrNiMo steel				
Plug stem	CrNi steel							
Spring		CrNi st	reel					
Balancing bellows		CrNiMoTi steel · DN 1	25: CrNiMo stee					
Bellows housing/bottom		Cr steel		CrNi steel				
Body gasket		Graphite on r	netal core	-				
Extension piece Separating piece <sup>3)</sup>	Brass (for versi	on free of non-ferrous meta	l: CrNi steel)	CrNi steel				
Type 2422 Valve · Balance	d by a diaphragm							
Valve size		DN 65 to	100					
Pressure rating		PN 16		PN 25				
Valve body	Cast iro	lal graphite iron JS-400-18-LT						
Seat		CrNiMo	steel					
Plug		Brass, plug with E	PDM soft seal					
Cover		1.061	9					
Pressure balancing	Diaphragm plo	ate CrNi steel · EPDM balan diaphragm, m	cing diaphragm, ax. 80 °C	max. 150 °C or NBR				
<ul> <li>Optionally with soft seal</li> <li>Soft-seated plug with EPE</li> <li>150 °C</li> </ul>	with standard K <sub>vs</sub> co DM ring for tempera	tures up to 4) For DN 65	aterial of the acc lve to 100 only	essories to match that of				

Table 3-5: Materials · Valves · Material numbers according to DIN EN

Type 2231, Type 2232 and Type 2234 Control Thermostats								
Version		Standard version	Special version					
Operating element		Nickel-plated brass						
Туре 2231		Bronze	-					
Sensor Type 2232		Bronze	CrNiMaTi steal					
Туре 2234		Copper						
Capillary tube		Copper	Plastic-coated copper					
Thermowell								
Immersion tube		Bronze, steel, copper <sup>2)</sup>	C-NIMAT: Had					
G T threaded connection Threaded nipple		Brass · Steel						
Element connection 1)	Immersion tube	Steel	CrNIMaTi staal					
	Threaded nipple	Steel						

Table 3-6: Materials · Control thermostats · Material numbers according to DIN EN

1) On request

<sup>2)</sup> PN 16 only

## Table 3-7: Dimensions (mm) and weights (kg) of Type 2111 Valves

Туре 2111 (Туре 1)								
Valve size	DN	15	20	25	32 40 50			
Length L		130	150	160	180	200	230	
Body material EN-GJS-400-18-LT, EN-GJL-250								
Height H		372 442						
Height H1		82 152			152			
Weight	kg (approx.)		4.6		11.5 10 <sup>2)</sup>			
Body material 1.0619 and 1.4408								
Height H		515 · 655 <sup>1)</sup>						
Height H1			225 · 365 <sup>1)</sup>					
Weight	kg (approx.)	4.6	5.2	6.3	11.5	12.1	15.5	

1) With extension piece

<sup>2)</sup> PN 16 body; +15 % for PN 25/40

Type 2422 Valve (Type 4 · Type 4u) · Balanced by a bellows												
Valve size	DN	15	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	125	150
Length L		130	150	160	180	200	230	290	310	350	400	480
Height H	Up to 220 °C (without extension piece)	515 · 425 <sup>2)</sup>					590 · 500 <sup>2)</sup>		645 · 555 <sup>2)</sup>	750 · 660 <sup>2)</sup>	880 · 790 <sup>2)</sup>	
	Up to 350 °C (with extension piece)	655 · 565 <sup>2)</sup>				730 · 640 <sup>2)</sup>		785 · 695 <sup>2)</sup>	890 · 800 <sup>2)</sup>	1020 · 930 <sup>2)</sup>		
Height H1	Up to 220 °C (without extension piece)	225				300		355	460	590		
	Up to 350 °C (with extension piece)	365					440		495	600	730	
Height H2	Forged steel	53	-	70	-	- 92 98				-		
	Other materials	55				72		100		120	145	175
Weight 1)	kg (approx.)	5	5.5	6.5	13	13.5	16	27	32	40	70	113
Type 2422 Valve (Type 4 · Type 4u) · Balanced by a diaphragm												
Valve size	DN	65						100				
Length L		290			310				350			
Height H		589 · 401 <sup>2)</sup>				590 · 402 <sup>2)</sup>				626 · 418 <sup>2)</sup>		
Height H1		201				202				218		
Height H2		98					118					

Table 3-8: Dimensions (mm) and weights (kg) of Type 2422 Valves

<sup>1)</sup> Body PN 16; +15 % for PN 25/40 · Type 4 and Type 4u without extension piece

kg (approx.)

<sup>2)</sup> For Type 4u only

Weight 1)

Table 3-9: Dimensions (mm) and weights (kg) of control thermostats

Control therm	nostat Type	2231	2232	2234	
Immersion depth T		290 1)	235 1)	460	
Weight	kg (approx.)	3.2	4	3.7	

30

37.5

1) Larger immersion depths on request

45

### **Dimensional drawings**







#### **Dimensional drawings**



## 4 Shipment and on-site transport

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

# 4.1 Accepting the delivered goods

After receiving the shipment, proceed as follows:

- Check the scope of delivery. Check that the specifications on the valve and control thermostat nameplate match the specifications in the delivery note. See the 'Markings on the device' section for nameplate details.
- 2. Check the shipment for transportation damage. Report any damage to SAMSON and the forwarding agent (refer to delivery note).
- Determine the weight and dimensions of the units to be lifted and transported in order to select the appropriate lifting equipment and lifting accessories. Refer to the transport documents and the 'Design and principle of operation' section.

# 4.2 Removing the packaging from the regulator

The components (valve, control thermostat and, if applicable, accessories) of the regulator are delivered separately.

Proceed as follows to lift and install the valve:

- ➔ Do not open or remove the packaging until immediately before lifting to install the regulator into the pipeline.
- → Leave the regulator components in its transport container or on the pallet to transport it on site.
- → Do not remove the protective caps from the inlet and outlet until immediately before installing the valve into the pipeline. They prevent foreign particles from entering the valve.
- → Dispose and recycle the packaging in accordance with the local regulations.

# 4.3 Transporting and lifting the regulator

## 

#### Danger due to suspended loads falling.

- → Stay clear of suspended or moving loads.
- → Close off and secure the transport paths.

## 

## Risk of injury due to incorrect lifting without the use of lifting equipment.

Lifting the regulator without the use of lifting equipment may lead to injuries (back injury in particular) depending on the weight of the regulator and/or control thermostat.

- Observe the occupational health and safety regulations valid in the country of use.
- Observe the guideline weight for manual handling: 15 to max. 55 kg per person taking into account age, gender and physical fitness.
- → Refer to the 'Design and principle of operation' section for the weights of the regulator.

## 

# Risk of personal injury due to the regulator tipping.

- → Observe the regulator's center of gravity.
- → Secure the regulator against tipping over or turning.

## 

Risk of lifting equipment tipping over and risk of damage to lifting accessories due to exceeding the rated lifting capacity.

- Only use approved lifting equipment and accessories whose minimum lifting capacity is higher than the weight of the valve (including control thermostat, if applicable).
- → Refer to the 'Design and principle of operation' section for the weights.

## ∹Ż⁻ Tip

Our after-sales service can provide more detailed transport and lifting instructions on request.

# 4.3.1 Transporting the regulator

The regulator can be transported using lifting equipment (e.g. crane or forklift).

- → Leave the regulator in its transport container or on the pallet to transport it.
- → Observe the transport instructions.

### **Transport instructions**

- ➔ Protect the regulator against external influences (e.g. impact).
- Do not damage the corrosion protection (paint, surface coatings). Repair any damage immediately.
- Protect the regulator against moisture and dirt.

- ➔ Protect the piping and any mounted valve accessories against damage.
- → The permissible ambient temperature of standard regulators is -20 to +80 °C.

## 4.3.2 Lifting the regulator

To install a large regulator into the pipeline, use lifting equipment (e.g. crane or forklift) to lift it.

## Lifting instructions

- → Use a hook with safety latch to secure the slings from slipping off the hook during lifting and transporting (see Fig. 4-1).
- → Secure slings against slipping.
- → Make sure the slings can be removed after installation.
- Prevent the regulator from tilting or tipping.
- Do not leave loads suspended when interrupting work for longer periods of time.
- → Make sure that the axis of the pipeline is always horizontal during lifting and the axis of the plug stem is always vertical.

## Lifting

- Attach one sling to the flange of the body and to the rigging equipment (e.g. hook) of the crane or forklift (see Fig. 4-1).
- 2. Carefully lift the regulator. Check whether the lifting equipment and accessories can bear the weight.

- 3. Move the regulator at an even pace to the site of installation.
- 4. Install the regulator into the pipeline (see the 'Installation' section).
- 5. After installation in the pipeline, check whether the regulator flanges are bolted tight.
- 6. Remove slings.



## 4.4 Storing the regulator

### 

Risk of regulator damage due to improper storage.

- → Observe the storage instructions.
- ➔ Avoid long storage times.
- Contact SAMSON in case of different storage conditions or longer storage times.

## i Note

We recommend regularly checking the regulator and the prevailing storage conditions during long storage periods.

### Storage instructions

- ➔ Protect the regulator against external influences (e.g. impact).
- → Secure the regulator in the stored position against slipping or tipping over.
- ➔ Do not damage the corrosion protection (paint, surface coatings). Repair any damage immediately.
- → Protect the regulator against moisture and dirt. Store it at a relative humidity of less than 75 %. In damp spaces, prevent condensation. If necessary, use a drying agent or heating.
- → Make sure that the ambient air is free of acids or other corrosive media.
- → The permissible storage temperature of standard regulators is -20 to +65 °C.

 Do not place any objects on the regulator.

### Special storage instructions for elastomers

Elastomer, e.g. balancing diaphragm

- To keep elastomers in shape and to prevent cracking, do not bend them or hang them up.
- ➔ Store elastomers away from lubricants, chemicals, solutions and fuels.
- We recommend a storage temperature of 15 °C for elastomers.

## ∹∑- Тір

SAMSON's After-sales Service can provide more detailed storage instructions on request.

## 5 Installation

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

## 5.1 Installation conditions

## Work position

The work position for the regulator is the front view onto all operating controls on the regulator (including any additional fittings) seen from the position of operating personnel.

Plant operators must ensure that, after installation of the device, the operating personnel can perform all necessary work safely and easily access the device from the work position.

## **Pipeline routing**

The inlet and outlet lengths vary depending on several variables and process conditions and are intended as recommendations. Contact SAMSON if the lengths are significantly shorter than the recommended lengths.

To ensure that the regulator functions properly, proceed as follows:

- → Observe the inlet and outlet lengths (see Table 5-2). Contact SAMSON if the regulator conditions or state of the medium process deviate.
- → Install the regulator free of stress and with the least amount of vibrations as possible. Read information under "Mounting position" and "Support or suspension" in this section.

- → For media with a tendency to condensate, install the pipeline with a slight downward slope on both sides so that the condensate can drain properly. If the pipeline upstream and downstream of the regulator run vertically upwards, an automatic drainage is required.
- → Install the regulator allowing sufficient space to remove the control thermostat and valve or to perform service work on them.

## Mounting position

To ensure that the regulator functions properly, proceed as follows:

- → Standard mounting position: install the control thermostat suspended downward in horizontal pipelines (see Fig. 5-1 and Fig. 5-2).
- → Make sure the direction of flow matches the direction indicated by the arrow on the body.
- → Contact SAMSON if the mounting position is not as specified above.

## 

## Damage due to freezing.

Protect the regulator from icing up when controlling media that can freeze. Unless the regulator is installed in locations where no frost occurs, remove the regulator from the pipeline when the plant is shut down.





#### Support or suspension

## i Note

The plant engineering company is responsible for selecting and implementing a suitable support or suspension of the installed regulator and the pipeline.

Depending on the regulator version and mounting position, the valve, actuator and control thermostat must be supported or suspended.

## 

Do not attach supports directly to the valve or control thermostat.

#### Temperature sensor

## 

Galvanic corrosion due to incorrectly selected materials of the mounting parts. On installing the sensor or thermowell, only combine the same kind of materials (e.g. stainless steel with stainless steel or copper together with other copper materials).

The temperature sensor, even together with a thermowell, can be installed in any position as required. However, make sure its entire length is immersed in the process medium to be controlled. It must be installed in a location where overheating or considerable idling times cannot occur.

## i Note

If the sensor is to be used with a thermowell, only use original SAMSON thermowells.

Weld on a pipe socket with female thread (socket-weld design to fit the screw gland of the sensor) of approx. 40 mm in length at the place of installation (this also applies when a thermowell is used).

 $\rightarrow$  Seal the screw gland of the sensor.

## Installation with thermowell

When a thermowell is used, a welding socket with G 1 female thread must be used.

- Remove the double nipple (17) or thermowell (if used) from the sensor (19) and seal it into the welded socket.
- 2. Adjust the highest possible set point at the set point adjuster (12.2) using the key (12.1).
- Insert the sensor with the associated seal into the double nipple or thermowell. Secure it with the coupling nut (16). The entire length of the temperature sensor (19) or thermowell must be immersed in the process medium.

We recommend filling the free space between sensor and thermowell with oil or, when installed horizontally, with grease or any other heat transfer medium to avoid delays during heat transmission. Observe the thermal expansion of the filling medium. Allow some space for expansion or slightly loosen sensor nut for pressure compensation. For temperature regulators with safety temperature limiter (TR/STL), install the sensor of the limiter near the sensor of the regulator.

### Dynamic behavior of the control thermostats

The dynamics of the regulator are mainly determined by the response of the sensor with its characteristic time constant (see Table 5-1).

## Table 5-1: Time constants of SAMSON thermostats (measurements with water) Image: Same state s

Principle of operation	Type <b>Thermostat</b>	Time constant [s] Without   With Thermowell			
	2231	70	120		
Liquid	2232	65	110		
expansion	2234	15	_ 1)		
	2213	70	120		
Adsorption	2212	_ 1)	40		

1) Not permissible

## Capillary tube

Carefully run the capillary tube (11) without bending or twisting it. Avoid locations with considerable ambient temperature fluctuations along the entire length of the tube.

## i Note

Do not damage or shorten the capillary tube. Roll up any capillary tube that is not used. The smallest permissible bending radius is 50 mm.

## 5.2 Preparation for installation

Valve and control thermostat can be assembled before or after the valve has been installed in the pipeline. We recommend first installing the valve without the control thermostat into the pipeline.

Before installation, make sure the following conditions are met:

- The valve is clean.
- The valve, control thermostat and all piping are not damaged.
- Install a strainer upstream of the regulator.
- The valve data on the nameplate (type designation, valve size, material, pressure rating and temperature range) match the plant conditions (size and pressure rating of the pipeline, medium temperature etc.). See the 'Markings on the device' section for nameplate details.
- The requested or required additional fittings (see the 'Design and principle of operation' section) have been installed or prepared as necessary before installing the valve.

Proceed as follows:

- → Lay out the necessary material and tools to have them ready during installation work.
- ➔ For steam applications, dry the pipelines. Moisture will damage the inside of the regulator.
- → Check any mounted thermometers to make sure they function properly.

## 5.3 Installation

The components (valve, control thermostat and, if applicable, accessories) of the SAM-SON regulator are delivered separately. Upon delivery, the separate components must be assembled together. The activities listed below are necessary for installation and before start-up of the regulator.

## 

# Risk of injury due to incorrect lifting without the use of lifting equipment.

Lifting the regulator without the use of lifting equipment may lead to injuries (back injury in particular) depending on the weight of the regulator and/or control thermostat.

- Observe the occupational health and safety regulations valid in the country of use.
- Observe the guideline weight for manual handling: 15 to max. 55 kg per person taking into account age, gender and physical fitness.
- → Refer to the 'Design and principle of operation' section for the weights of the regulator and control thermostat.

## 

#### Danger due to suspended loads falling.

- → Stay clear of suspended or moving loads.
- → Close off and secure the transport paths.


Table 5-2: Inlet and outlet lengths

1) No wet steam



#### 

Risk of lifting equipment tipping over and risk of damage to lifting accessories due to exceeding the rated lifting capacity.

- Only use approved lifting equipment and accessories whose minimum lifting capacity is higher than the weight of the valve (including control thermostat, if applicable).
- Refer to the 'Design and principle of operation' section for the weights.

#### 

### Risk of regulator damage due to excessively high or low tightening torques.

Observe the specified torques when tightening regulator components. Excessive tightening torques lead to parts wearing out more quickly. Parts that are too loose may cause leakage.

→ Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).

#### 

### Risk of personal injury due to the regulator tipping.

- → Observe the regulator's center of gravity.
- Secure the regulator against tipping over or turning.

#### 

### Risk of regulator damage due to the use of unsuitable tools.

→ Only use tools approved by SAMSON (see 'Tools' in Annex).

#### 

#### Risk of regulator damage due to the use of unsuitable lubricants.

→ Only use lubricants approved by SAMSON (see 'Lubricants' in Annex).

#### 5.4 Installing the regulator

#### i Note

Do **not** install the temperature regulator between a pressure reducing valve and its control line connection.

#### 5.4.1 Installing the valve

The regulator can be installed into the downstream pressure pipe (return flow pipe) or the upstream pressure pipe (flow pipe) of the plant. See installation examples in Fig. 5-3.

- Close the shut-off valves upstream and downstream of the regulator while the regulator is being installed.
- Remove the protective caps from the valve ports before installing the valve.
- Lift the valve using suitable lifting equipment to the site of installation. Observe the flow direction through the valve. The arrow on the valve indicates the direction of flow.

- 4. Make sure that the correct flange gaskets are used.
- 5. Bolt the pipe to the valve free of stress.

# 5.4.2 Installing the control thermostat

#### i Note

Detailed instructions to install the control thermostats are given in ► EB 2231.

 Fasten the operating element of the control thermostat on the valve using the coupling nut.

If necessary, use the set point adjuster to adjust the highest possible set point, causing the pin of the operating element to retract.

Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).

2. If applicable, mount the thermowell. Insert the thermowell in the socket installed on site.

Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).

# 5.4.3 Installing the reversing device

→ See Fig. 5-5

#### i Note

The reversing device (for Type 4u) can only be attached to the valve when the stem is fully retracted.

The spring (8) of the reversing device is pretensioned upon delivery over the lever (4) using a wooden bolt (5) with washer (6) and coupling nut (7).

#### Procedure

- 1. Screw the pretensioned reversing device to the bottom section of the valve.
- 2. As the device is pretensioned, carefully unscrew the coupling nut (7) and remove it from the reversing device together with the wooden bolt (5) and washer (6).
- Adjust the highest possible set point at the set point adjuster to cause the pin of the operating element to retract.
- Screw the operating element onto the reversing device (in place of the coupling nut (7)).

#### i Note

Keep the wooden bolt and washer for later use.

They can be used, for example to pretension the reversing device again if it needs to be reinstall after disassembly.

#### 5.5 Cleaning the pipeline

We recommend additionally flushing the pipeline with installed regulator before startup.

- → Observe the mesh size of the upstream strainer for the maximum particle size. Use strainers to suit the process medium.
- → Check the strainer for dirt each time the pipeline is flushed and clean it, if necessary.
- → Before flushing the plant, open all consumers to guarantee a high flow rate.

If the regulator malfunctions due to clogging after flushing the pipeline, proceed as described in the 'Troubleshooting' section.

#### 5.6 Testing the regulator

#### 

### Risk of bursting due to incorrect opening of pressurized equipment or components.

Regulators and pipelines are pressure equipment that may burst when handled incorrectly. Flying projectile fragments or the release of process medium under pressure can cause serious injury or even death. Before working on the regulator:

- → Depressurize all plant sections concerned and the regulator.
- Drain the process medium from all the plant sections concerned as well as the valve.

#### 

#### Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

Incorrect opening of pressure equipment or mounting parts may lead to the process medium escaping to the atmosphere.

- Do not loosen the control thermostat while the valve is pressurized.
- Do not start up the regulator until all parts have been mounted.

#### 

### Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions.

Wear hearing protection when working near the regulator. Follow the instructions given by the plant operator.

#### 

### Risk of burn injuries due to hot or very cold components and pipelines.

Depending on the process medium, valve components and pipelines may get very hot or cold and cause burn injuries.

Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

The regulator components are delivered by SAMSON ready for use. To test the regulator functioning before start-up or putting back the regulator into operation, perform the following tests:

#### 5.6.1 Leak test

The plant operator is responsible for performing the leak test and selecting the test method. The leak test must comply with the requirements of the national and international standards that apply at the site of installation.

#### 🔆 Tip

SAMSON's After-sales Service can support you to plan and perform a leak test for your plant.

- 1. Install the regulator into the pipeline. See section "Installation".
- 2. Apply the required test pressure.
- 3. Check the regulator for leakage to the atmosphere.
- 4. Depressurize the pipeline section and regulator.
- 5. Rework any parts that leak and repeat the leak test.

#### 5.6.2 Pressure test

#### 

Risk of valve damage due to a sudden pressure increase and resulting high flow velocities

- Slowly open the shut-off valves.

#### i Note

The plant operator is responsible for performing the pressure test. SAMSON's After-sales Service can support you to plan and perform a pressure test for your plant.

#### Pressure test with mounted control thermostat

During the pressure test, make sure the following conditions are met:

- → Do not allow the pressure to exceed the 1.5 times the pressure rating of the valve body.
- → Do not apply a pressure higher than the maximum specified pressure rating or maximum operating pressure to thermowell or sensor of the control thermostat (see Table 3-1 in the 'Design and principle of operation' section).
- → The valve must remain open. Therefore, adjust the lowest temperature set point to ensure that the regulator does not close.
- → Make sure that the pressure rises simultaneously upstream and downstream of the regulator to avoid damaging the balancing bellows or the balancing diaphragm.

#### Pressure test without mounted control thermostat

If the valve is not sealed off, the test medium escapes at the connection where the control thermostat is connected to the valve. It is not possible to perform a pressure test on the valve in this case (see Fig. 5-4).

→ Seal off the valve using a coupling nut (0250-1037) with seal (0340-1962).



thermostat is not mounted on the valve

#### 5.6.3 Filling the plant

Open the shut-off valves slowly over a time period of several minutes preferably starting from the upstream pressure side to fill the plant.

#### 

### Risk of regulator damage due to steam hammering.

Steam hammering is possible when the process medium is a liquid with a boiling point at atmospheric pressure.

Open the shut-off valves slowly preferably starting from the downstream side to fill the plant over a time period of several minutes.

#### 5.7 Insulation

To insulate cold or heated systems, we recommend first filling the plant and carefully rinsing it. The regulator must not yet be insulated at this stage.

#### 

### Risk of regulator damage due to incorrect insulation.

- → Only insulate the regulator up to the control thermostat for medium temperatures below 0 °C/32 °F or above 80 °C/175 °F.
- Start up the plant and adjust the set point (see the 'Start-up' section).

 Shut down the plant again.
 Cooling applications: allow the regulator to heat up until all the condensation water has dried off.

Heating applications: allow the regulator to cool down.

3. Insulate the regulator and pipes conveying the process medium using insulation material with a water vapor barrier. If a capillary tube of the control thermostat is to be routed through the insulation, special care must be taken with the sealing since slight changes in shape may occur. The insulation thickness depends on the medium temperature and the ambient conditions. 50 mm is a typical thickness.

#### 5.8 Mounting accessories

#### 

Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

Incorrect opening of pressure equipment or mounting parts may lead to the process medium escaping to the atmosphere.

- ➔ Do not loosen the control thermostat while the valve is pressurized.
- Do not start up the regulator until all parts have been mounted.
- The extension piece is installed between valve and thermostat to protect the operating element against high temperatures.

#### Installation

- The separating piece is installed between the valve and thermostat to protect the operating element against excessively high pressures in the plant. In stainless steel regulators, it also separates the operating element made free of non-ferrous metals from the medium in the valve.
- The double adapter allows a further thermostat or a manual adjuster.

A thermostat can be changed on site to install an extension piece, separating piece or double adapter.

#### How to proceed:

- Adjust the highest possible temperature set point, causing the pin of operating element to detach itself from the plug stem of the valve.
- 2. Unscrew the operating element.
- Screw extension piece, separating piece or double adapter onto the valve body. Remount the operating element.



#### 6 Start-up

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

#### 

#### Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

Incorrect opening of pressure equipment or mounting parts may lead to the process medium escaping to the atmosphere.

- ➔ Do not loosen the control thermostat while the valve is pressurized.
- → Do not start up the regulator until all parts have been mounted.

#### 

#### Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Regulator components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- → Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

#### 

### Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions.

 Wear hearing protection when working near the valve. Follow the instructions given by the plant operator.

Before start-up or putting the device back into service, make sure the following conditions are met:

- The regulator is properly installed into the pipeline (see the 'Installation' section).
- The leak and function tests have been completed successfully (see the 'Testing the regulator' section).
- The prevailing conditions in the plant section concerned meet the regulator sizing requirements (see information under 'Intended use' in the 'Safety instructions and measures' section).

# 6.1 Start-up and putting the device back into operation

- Depending on the field of application, allow the regulator to cool down or warm up to reach ambient temperature before start up.
- 2. Slowly open the shut-off valves in the pipeline. Slowly opening these valves prevents a sudden surge in pressure and high flow velocities which can damage the valve.
- Check the regulator to ensure it functions properly.

# 6.2 Starting up the plant when vapors and liquids are controlled

### For media that do not reach their boiling point:

- Open the shut-off valves slowly over a time period of several minutes starting from the upstream pressure side. Fill the plant with the medium. Afterwards, open all the valves on the consumer side (downstream of the regulator).
- 2. Fill the plant slowly with the process medium. Avoid pressure surges.
- Make sure that the pressure rises simultaneously upstream and downstream of the regulator to avoid damaging the balancing bellows or diaphragm.

4. Check the adjusted temperature set point at the thermometer installed near the temperature sensor.

# 6.3 Starting up the plant when vapors are controlled

#### For media that reach their boiling point:

- → Completely drain and dry steam lines to prevent water hammering.
- Open the shut-off valves slowly starting from the downstream side to avoid steam hammering. Afterwards open the shut-off valves upstream pressure of the regulator.
- 2. Slowly allow the steam to enter the plant to ensure that the pipes and valves warm up evenly and to avoid excessive flow velocities.
- 3. Before the full capacity is reached, drain off the start-up condensate.
- 4. Make sure that the air contained in the plant escapes as quickly as possible.
- Make sure that the pressure rises simultaneously upstream and downstream of the regulator to avoid damaging the balancing bellows.
- 6. Avoid pressure surges.
- Check the adjusted temperature set point at the thermometer installed near the temperature sensor.

#### 7 Operation

Immediately after completing start-up or placing the regulator back into service (see the 'Start-up' section), the regulator is ready for use.

#### 

#### Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Regulator components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

#### 

#### Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

Incorrect opening of pressure equipment or mounting parts may lead to the process medium escaping to the atmosphere.

- Do not loosen the control thermostat while the valve is pressurized.
- → Do not start up the regulator until all parts have been mounted.

#### 

### Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions.

Wear hearing protection when working near the valve. Follow the instructions given by the plant operator.

#### 7.1 Adjusting the temperature set point

Adjust the required set point by turning the set point adjuster with the key (12.1) by hand.

- Slowly open the hand-operated shut-off valve downstream of the valve and then the shut-off valve upstream of the valve.
- 2. Adjust the set point at set point dial (13) using the set point adjuster (12.2).

#### Set point adjuster

- → Turn the key (12.1) clockwise (ひ) to increase the temperature set point.
- → Turn the key (12.1) counterclockwise (♂) to reduce the temperature set point.
- Monitor the temperature at the thermometer (4) installed on the downstream side on site.

#### Operation

#### i Note

Higher set point temperatures can be adjusted ed in increments as required. However, to lower the set point temperature, proceed in steps of 10 to 20 °C. When doing so, wait for the process medium to cool down before continuing. Watch the thermometer.

## 7.2 Correcting the set point dial

There are many ways to combine the temperature regulators with thermostats that have varying proportional control action. As a result, the temperature adjusted on the dial often deviates from the actual temperature (measured by a reference thermometer).

The temperature can be corrected by turning the dial housing:

- 1. Undo the screw labeled "Korrektur" on the back of the dial housing.
- Turn the entire dial housing until the dial shows the same temperature as the reference thermometer.

Viewed from the front with the dial housing on top. A  $360^{\circ}$  turn corresponds to a set point change of approx. 1.5 °C.

#### 7.3 Excess temperature safeguard of the thermostat



The temperature will exceed the adjusted limit if the valve cannot close due to dirt particles lodged between the seat and plug or due to a defective bellows. In this case, the excess temperature safeguard responds. The stem of the set point adjuster projecting out of the housing indicates an excessively high temperature at the sensor meaning a malfunction exists (see Fig. 7-1).

The regulator must be repaired or serviced.

#### 8 Malfunctions

#### 8.1 Troubleshooting

Malfunction	Possible reasons	Recommended action
Temperature regulators	for heating applications · Type 1 and Type	4
	Foreign particles blocking the plug	<ul> <li>→ Remove foreign particles.</li> <li>→ Replace damaged parts.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>
	Seat and plug are worn or leak.	<ul> <li>→ Replace the damaged seat and plug.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>
	Control thermostat defective	→ Replace the control thermostat.
Temperature at the	Stem projecting out of the set point adjuster due to excess temperature at the sensor	<ul> <li>→ The regulator must be repaired or serviced.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>
sensor exceeds the set point	Regulator or $K_{VS}/C_V$ coefficient too large	<ul> <li>→ Check the sizing.</li> <li>→ Change K<sub>vs</sub>/C<sub>v</sub> coefficient, if necessary or install a different sized regulator.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>
	Sensor installed incorrectly.	<ul> <li>Immerse the temperature sensor with its entire immersion depth in the process medium.</li> <li>Avoid an installation site where idle times or heat buildup can occur.</li> </ul>
	Sensor installed in the wrong location.	→ Change the mounting position.
	Regulator or $K_{VS}/C_V$ coefficient too large	<ul> <li>→ Check the sizing.</li> <li>→ Change K<sub>VS</sub>/C<sub>V</sub> coefficient, if necessary or install a different sized regulator.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>
Temperature fluctuates	Sensor installed incorrectly.	<ul> <li>→ Immerse the temperature sensor with its entire immersion depth in the process medium.</li> <li>→ Avoid an installation site where idle times or heat buildup can occur.</li> </ul>
	Sensor installed in the wrong location.	→ Change the mounting position.
Jerky control response	Increased friction, e.g. due to foreign particles between seat and plug	<ul> <li>→ Remove foreign particles.</li> <li>→ Replace damaged parts.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>

#### Malfunctions

Malfunction	Possible reasons	Recommended action
Temperature regulators	s for heating applications · Type 1 and Type	4
	Regulator installed against the flow	→ Install the regulator so that the direction of flow matches the direction indicated by the arrow on the body.
	Safety device (e.g. safety temperature lim- iter) has been triggered	→ Check plant. If necessary, unlock safety device.
<b>T</b>	Regulator or $K_{VS}/C_V$ coefficient too small	<ul> <li>→ Check the sizing.</li> <li>→ Change K<sub>vs</sub>/C<sub>v</sub> coefficient, if necessary or install a different sized regulator.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>
sensor does not reach	Insufficient heating energy available	➔ Draw up an energy balance.
the set point	Foreign particles blocking the plug	<ul> <li>→ Remove foreign particles.</li> <li>→ Replace damaged parts.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>
	Sensor installed incorrectly.	<ul> <li>→ Immerse the temperature sensor with its entire immersion depth in the process medium.</li> <li>→ Avoid an installation site where idle times or heat buildup can occur.</li> </ul>
	Sensor installed in the wrong location.	→ Change the mounting position.
	Strainer blocked	→ Clean the strainer.
	Time constant is too large for the control	➔ Fill the thermowell with thermal paste or remove the thermowell.
		→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.
Slow control response	Sensor installed incorrectly.	<ul> <li>Immerse the temperature sensor with its entire immersion depth in the process medium.</li> <li>Avoid an installation site where idle times or heat buildup can occur.</li> </ul>
Loud poirce	High flow velocity constation	→ Check the sizing.
		→ Install larger regulator, if necessary.
Leak between control thermostat and valve	Coupling nut tightened incorrectly	→ Check the specified tightening torque (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).

Malfunction	Possible reasons	Recommended action
Temperature regulators	for cooling applications · Type 4u	
	Foreign particles blocking the plug	<ul> <li>→ Remove foreign particles.</li> <li>→ Replace damaged parts.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>
	Seat and plug are worn or leak.	<ul> <li>→ Replace the damaged seat and plug.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>
	Control thermostat defective	→ Replace the control thermostat.
Temperature at the sensor does not reach the set point	Regulator or $K_{VS}/C_V$ coefficient too large	<ul> <li>→ Check the sizing.</li> <li>→ Change K<sub>VS</sub>/C<sub>V</sub> coefficient, if necessary or install a different sized regulator.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>
	Sensor installed incorrectly.	<ul> <li>→ Immerse the temperature sensor with its entire immersion depth in the process medium.</li> <li>→ Avoid an installation site where idle times or heat buildup can occur.</li> </ul>
	Sensor installed in the wrong location.	→ Change the mounting position.
	Regulator or $K_{VS}/C_V$ coefficient too large	<ul> <li>→ Check the sizing.</li> <li>→ Change K<sub>VS</sub>/C<sub>V</sub> coefficient, if necessary or install a different sized regulator.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>
Temperature fluctuates	Sensor installed incorrectly.	<ul> <li>→ Immerse the temperature sensor with its entire immersion depth in the process medium.</li> <li>→ Avoid an installation site where idle times or heat buildup can occur.</li> </ul>
	Sensor installed in the wrong location.	→ Change the mounting position.
	Time constant is too large for the control loop	<ul> <li>→ Fill the thermowell with thermal paste or remove the thermowell.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>
Slow control response	Sensor installed incorrectly.	<ul> <li>Immerse the temperature sensor with its entire immersion depth in the process medium.</li> <li>Avoid an installation site where idle times or heat buildup can occur.</li> </ul>

#### Malfunctions

Malfunction	Possible reasons	Recommended action
Temperature regulators	s for cooling applications · Type 4u	
	Regulator installed against the flow	→ Install the regulator so that the direction of flow matches the direction indicated by the arrow on the body.
	Safety device (e.g. safety temperature lim- iter) has been triggered	→ Check plant. If necessary, unlock safety device.
T	Regulator or $K_{VS}/C_V$ coefficient too small	<ul> <li>→ Check the sizing.</li> <li>→ Change K<sub>vs</sub>/C<sub>v</sub> coefficient, if necessary or install a different sized regulator.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>
sensor exceeds the set	Insufficient cooling energy available	➔ Draw up an energy balance.
point	Foreign particles blocking the plug	<ul> <li>→ Remove foreign particles.</li> <li>→ Replace damaged parts.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>
	Sensor installed incorrectly.	<ul> <li>→ Immerse the temperature sensor with its entire immersion depth in the process medium.</li> <li>→ Avoid an installation site where idle times or heat buildup can occur.</li> </ul>
	Sensor installed in the wrong location.	→ Change the mounting position.
	Strainer blocked	→ Clean the strainer.
Jerky control response	Increased friction, e.g. due to foreign particles between seat and plug	<ul> <li>→ Remove foreign particles.</li> <li>→ Replace damaged parts.</li> <li>→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.</li> </ul>
Loud noises	High flow velocity, cavitation	<ul> <li>→ Check the sizing.</li> <li>→ Install larger regulator, if necessary.</li> </ul>
Leak between control thermostat and valve	Coupling nut tightened incorrectly	→ Check the specified tightening torque (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).

#### i Note

Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for malfunctions not listed in the table.

The malfunctions listed in section 8.1 are caused by mechanical faults and incorrect regulator sizing. In the simplest case, the functioning can be restored following the recommended action. Special tools may be required to rectify the fault.

Exceptional operating and installation conditions may lead to changed situations that may affect the control response and lead to malfunctions. For troubleshooting, the conditions, such as installation, process medium, temperature and pressure conditions, must be taken into account.

#### ∹∑- Тір

SAMSON's After-sales Service can support you in drawing up an inspection and test plan for your plant.

#### 8.2 Emergency action

Plant operators are responsible for emergency action to be taken in the plant.

We recommend removing the regulator from the pipeline before repairing it.

In the event of a regulator malfunction:

- Close the shut-off valves upstream and downstream of the regulator to stop the process medium from flowing through the regulator.
- 2. Perform troubleshooting (see section 8.1).
- Rectify those malfunctions that can be remedied based on the instructions provided here. Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service in all other cases.

### Putting the regulator back into operation after a malfunction

See the 'Start-up' section.

#### 9 Servicing

The regulator does not require any maintenance. Nevertheless, it is subject to natural wear, particularly at the seat, plug and control thermostat. Depending on the operating conditions, check the regulator at regular intervals to avoid possible malfunctions. Plant operators are responsible for drawing up an inspection and test plan. Details on faults and how to remedy them can be found in the 'Malfunctions' section.

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

We recommend removing the regulator from the pipeline before performing any maintenance or service work.

#### 

#### Danger due to suspended loads falling.

- → Stay clear of suspended or moving loads.
- → Close off and secure the transport paths.

#### 

#### Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the regulator.

While working on the regulator, residual process medium can escape and, depending on its properties, may lead to personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

 Wear protective clothing, safety gloves and eye protection.

#### 

### Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Regulator components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

#### 

Risk of personal injury due to the regulator tipping.

- → Observe the regulator's center of gravity.
- Secure the regulator against tipping over or turning.

#### 

### Risk of injury due to incorrect lifting without the use of lifting equipment.

Lifting the regulator without the use of lifting equipment may lead to injuries (back injury in particular) depending on the weight of the regulator and/or actuator.

- Observe the occupational health and safety regulations valid in the country of use.
- Observe the guideline weight for manual handling: 15 to max. 55 kg per person taking into account age, gender and physical fitness.

#### Servicing

→ Refer to the 'Design and principle of operation' section for the weights of the valve and control thermostat.

#### 

#### Risk of lifting equipment tipping over and risk of damage to lifting accessories due to exceeding the rated lifting capacity.

- Only use approved lifting equipment and accessories whose minimum lifting capacity is higher than the weight of the valve (including actuator and packaging, if applicable).
- → Refer to the 'Design and principle of operation' section for the weights.

#### 

### Risk of regulator damage due to the use of unsuitable tools.

→ Only use tools approved by SAMSON (see 'Tools' in Annex).

#### 

### Risk of regulator damage due to excessively high or low tightening torques.

Observe the specified torques when tightening regulator components. Excessive tightening torques lead to parts wearing out more quickly. Parts that are too loose may cause leakage.

→ Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).

#### 

### Risk of regulator damage due to the use of unsuitable lubricants.

 Only use lubricants approved by SAMSON (see 'Lubricants' in Annex).

#### i Note

### The regulator was checked by SAMSON before it left the factory.

- Certain test results certified by SAMSON lose their validity when the regulator is opened. Such testing includes seat leakage and leak tests.
- The product warranty becomes void if service or repair work not described in these instructions is performed without prior agreement by SAMSON's After-sales Service.
- Only use original spare parts by SAMSON, which comply with the original specifications.

#### i Note

Do not damage or shorten the capillary tube. Roll up any capillary tube that is not used. The smallest permissible bending radius is 50 mm.

#### ∹∑- Tip

SAMSON's After-sales Service can support you in drawing up an inspection and test plan for your plant.



#### Servicing

1	Valve body
2	Seat
3	Plug
4	Bottom section
4.1	Balancing bellows
5	Plug stem
5.1	Spring

- 6 Threaded connection for op-
- erating element
- 7 Coupling nut
- 8 Operating element
- 9 Pin of operating element10 Operating bellows
- 11 Capillary tube
- 12.1 Set point adjustment key

- 12.2 Set point adjuster
- 13 Set point dial
- 14 Spindle
- 15 Excess temperature protection
- 16 Coupling nut
- 17 Double nipple
- 18 Piston
- 19 Thermostat with bulb sensor

# 9.1 Preparing the valve for service work

- 1. Lay out the necessary material and tools to have them ready for the service work.
- 2. Put the regulator out of operation (see the 'Decommissioning' section).

#### ∹∑- Tip

We recommend removing the regulator from the pipeline before performing any service work (see the 'Removing the regulator from the pipeline' section).

The following service work can be performed after preparation is completed:

- Replace the control thermostat (see section 9.4).
- Replace the seat and plug (see section 9.5)

# 9.2 Installing the regulator after service work

→ Put the regulator back into operation (see the 'Start-up' section). Make sure the requirements and conditions for start-up or putting the valve back into operation are met.

#### 9.3 Service work

- → Before performing any service work, preparations must be made to the regulator (see section 9.1).
- → After all service work is completed, check the regulator before putting it back into operation (see the 'Testing the regulator' section).

# 9.4 Replacing the control thermostat

→ See Fig. 9-1

#### 

#### Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

Incorrect opening of pressure equipment or mounting parts may lead to the process medium escaping to the atmosphere.

- ➔ Do not loosen the control thermostat while the valve is pressurized.
- Do not start up the regulator until all parts have been mounted.

#### Removing the control thermostat

- 1. Put the regulator out of operation (see the 'Decommissioning' section).
- 2. Unscrew the coupling nut (11) of the operating element (8) from the valve.
- If applicable, unscrew the coupling nut (16) from the control thermostat and pull out the control thermostat.
- If the thermostat still works, adjust the highest possible temperature set point, causing the pin (9) of operating element to detach itself from the plug stem of the valve. Then remove the control thermostat.

#### Mounting the control thermostat

- Place the operating element (8) on the valve and fasten tight the coupling nut (11). Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).
- 2. If applicable, push the control thermostat into the thermowell and tighten the coupling nut (16).
- Put the regulator back into operation (see the 'Start-up' section).

# 9.5 Replacing the seat and plug

To replace seat and plug, contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.

Further information is available in Annex ('After-sales service').

# 9.6 Ordering spare parts and operating supplies

Contact your nearest SAMSON subsidiary or SAMSON's After-sales Service for information on spare parts, lubricants and tools.

#### Spare parts

See Annex for details on spare parts.

#### Lubricant

Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for more information on lubricants.

#### Tools

Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for more information on tools.

#### **10 Decommissioning**

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

#### 

### Risk of bursting due to incorrect opening of pressurized equipment or components.

Regulators and pipelines are pressure equipment that may burst when handled incorrectly. Flying projectile fragments or the release of process medium under pressure can cause serious injury or even death. Before working on the regulator:

- → Depressurize all plant sections concerned and the regulator.
- → Drain the process medium from all the plant sections concerned as well as the valve.

#### 

#### Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Regulator components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

#### 

Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

Incorrect opening of pressure equipment or mounting parts may lead to the process medium escaping to the atmosphere.

- ➔ Do not loosen the control thermostat while the valve is pressurized.
- ➔ Do not start up the regulator until all parts have been mounted.

#### 

Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions.

Wear hearing protection when working near the regulator. Follow the instructions given by the plant operator.

#### 

#### Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the regulator.

While working on the regulator, residual process medium can escape and, depending on its properties, may lead to personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

→ Wear protective clothing, safety gloves and eye protection.

#### Decommissioning

To decommission the regulator for service work or disassembly, proceed as follows:

- 1. Close the shut-off valve (1) on the upstream side of the regulator.
- 2. Close the shut-off valve (6) on the downstream side of the regulator.
- 3. Depressurize the plant.
- 4. Completely drain the pipelines and valve.
- 5. If necessary, allow the pipeline and regulator components to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.

#### 11 Removal

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

#### 

#### Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Regulator components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

#### 

#### Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the regulator.

While working on the regulator, residual process medium can escape and, depending on its properties, may lead to personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

→ Wear protective clothing, safety gloves and eye protection.

Before removing the valve, make sure the following conditions are met:

 The regulator is put out of operation (see the 'Decommissioning' section).

# 11.1 Removing the control thermostat

- Pull the sensor out of the thermowell. In cases where a thermowell is not used, unscrew the screw gland and pull out the sensor.
- 2. Unscrew the control thermostat from the valve (width across flats 36).

# 11.2 Removing the regulator from the pipeline

- Support the regulator to hold it in place when separated from the pipeline (see the 'Shipment and on-site transport' section).
- 2. Unbolt the flanged joint.
- Remove the regulator from the pipeline (see the 'Shipment and on-site transport' section).

#### 12 Repairs

If the regulator does not function properly according to how it was originally sized or does not function at all, it is defective and must be repaired or exchanged.

#### 

### Risk of regulator damage due to incorrect service or repair work.

→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for service and repair work.

#### 12.1 Returning devices to SAMSON

Defective devices can be returned to SAM-SON for repair.

Proceed as follows to return devices:

- Exceptions apply concerning some special device models
   www.samsongroup.com > Service & Support > After-sales Service.
- Send an e-mail ► retouren@ samsongroup.com to register the return shipment including the following information:

- Туре
- Material no.
- Item numbers of accessories
- Original order
- Completed Declaration on Contamination, which can be downloaded from our website at
  - www.samsongroup.com > Service
  - & Support > After-sales Service.

#### After checking your registration, we will send you a return merchandise authorization (RMA).

- Attach the RMA (together with the Declaration on Decontamination) to the outside of your shipment so that the documents are clearly visible.
- 4. Send the shipment to the address given on the RMA.

#### i Note

Further information on returned devices and how they are handled can be found at

www.samsongroup.com > Service & Support > After-sales Service.

#### 13 Disposal



We are registered with the German national register for waste electric equipment (stiftung ear) as a producer of electrical and electronic equipment, WEEE reg. no.: DE 62194439

- → Observe local, national and international refuse regulations.
- → Do not dispose of components, lubricants and hazardous substances together with your other household waste.

#### i Note

We can provide you with a recycling passport according to PAS 1049 on request. Simply e-mail us at aftersalesservice@samsongroup.com giving details of your company address.

#### 🔆 Tip

On request, we can appoint a service provider to dismantle and recycle the product.

#### **14 Certificates**

The EU and UKCA declarations of conformity are included on the next pages:

- EU declaration of conformity in compliance with Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU on page 14-2.
- EU declaration of conformity in compliance with Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC for Type 1, Type 4 and Type 4u Regulators on page 14-8.
- Declaration of incorporation in compliance with Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC for the Type 2111 and Type 2422 Valves with Type 2231, Type 2232 and Type 2234 Control Thermostats on page 14-11.
- UKCA declaration of conformity in compliance with Directive 2016 No. 1105 on page 14-16.
- UKCA declaration of conformity in compliance with Directive 2008 No. 1597 for Type 1, Type 4 and Type 4u Regulators on page 14-18.
- Declaration of incorporation in compliance with
   Directive 2008 No. 1597 for the
   Type 2111 and Type 2422 Valves with
   Type 2231, Type 2232 and Type 2234
   Control Thermostats on page 14-18.

# 14.1 Information on the UK sales region

The following information corresponds to the Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016, STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS, 2016 No. 1105 (UKCA marking). It does not apply to Northern Ireland.

#### Importer

SAMSON Controls Ltd Perrywood Business Park Honeycrock Lane Redhill, Surrey RH1 5JQ Phone: +44 1737 766391 E-mail: sales-uk@samsongroup.com Website: uk.samsongroup.com

Module A For the following produ	cts, SAMS	ON hereby de	clares under its sole responsibility:
Devices	Series	Туре	Version
	43	2432	DIN EN, body, CC499K and EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2
	43	2436	DIN EN, body, CC499K and EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2 DIN EN, body, CC499K and EN G IS 400-18 LT, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2
Self-operated Regulators	40	2437	DIN EN, body, EO-GJS-400-18-I T DN 50, PN 25, fluids 62, L2
		2111	DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 40-50, PN 40, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 11/2-2, Class 300, fluids G2, L
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250 and 1.0619, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 50-80, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
Three-way valve	-	2119	DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 40-50, PN 40, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 2½-4, Class 150, fluids G2, L
			AINST, DODY, AZ16 WCC and A351 CH8M, NPS 1½, Class 300, fluids G2, L2, DIN EN_body_EN_G IS_400-18.1 T_DN 50_PN 25_fluids G2_L2_L11
Control valve		3222	DIN EN, body, CC499K, DN 32-40, PN 25, all fluids 62, 62, 61
Three-way valve		3226	DIN EN, body, CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2 <sup>2)</sup>
Three-way valve		3260	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L22)
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 50-80, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L11)
Globe valve Three-way valve	V2001	3531	DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 32-40, PN 25, all fluids
-			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
Control valve		3214	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-L1, DN 50-80, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup>
			ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, Itulds G2, L2, L17 ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CERM, NPS 114 2, Class 150, all fluide
			DIN EN, body, R2-10 Web and AS31 of bill, Nr 5 172-2, class 130, an Indus DIN EN, body, EN-Gill -250 and EN-G.IS-400-18-I T, DN 65-125, PN 16 fluit
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-418-LT, DN 50-80, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
	40	0.400	DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 32-50, PN 16, all fluids
Self operated Regulators	42	2423	DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 32-40, PN 25, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L11)
Self-operated Regulators			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 11/2-2, Class 150, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250 and EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 65-125, PN 16, flui
	42	2422	DIN EN, body, 10619, 1,4408 and 1,6220+OT, DN 32-50, PN 16, all fluids
		L-122	ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC, A351 CF8M and A352 LCC, NPS 11/2-2, Class 150,
Strainers	1N/1NI	2601	DIN EN, body, CB752S, G 2 (DN50), PN25, fluids G2, L22)
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 200-250, PN 10, fluids G2, L2, L11)
<b>a</b> . 1			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
Strainers	2N/2NI	2602	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 100-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-L1, DN 50-80, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup>
		2373/2375	ANSI body A995 4A and A995 5A NPS 1%-2 Class 150 all finite
		2313/2313	1410, 500, 700 th and 500 th, NEO 1/2-2, 0455 100, an IUIDS
		2440 (44-0B) 2441 (44-1B) 2446 (44-6B)	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
Self-operated Regulators	44	2442 (44-2) 2443 (44-3) 2444 (44-4) 2447 (44-7) 2448 (44-8) 2449 (44-9)	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT and CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L1

samson

#### EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY TRANSLATION

Self-operated Regulators         445         446         448 <th></th> <th>Series</th> <th>Туре</th> <th>Version</th>		Series	Туре	Version
46         2465 (46-0) 2467 (46-7) 2467 (46-7) 2467 (46-7) 2467 (46-7) 2476 (47-1) 2476 (47-1) 2476 (47-1) 2476 (47-1) 2476 (47-9)         DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT and CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> 47         2471 (47-1) 2476 (47-9)         DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT and CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> 48         2489         DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT and CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> 48         2489         DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT and CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> 40         2405         DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT and CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> 41         2405         DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 11/-2, Class 150, all fluids           42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, L16019, 14408, 14571 and 144011/14404, DN 32-40, PN 25, all fluids           41         241         DIN EN, body, 216 WCC and A351 CF8M RN 51/-2, Class 150, all fluids           42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, 216 WC2 and 2351 CF8M RN 34, Class 125, fluids G2, L2,		45	2451 (45-1) 2452 (45-2) 2453 (45-3) 2454 (45-4) 2456 (45-6) 2459 (45-9)	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT and CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> )
Self-operated Regulators         41         2471 (47-1) 2475 (47-5) 2478 (47-9)         DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT and CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> )           48         2488         DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT and CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> )         1           40         2405         DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT and CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> )           A0         2405         DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> )           ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 85-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> )           ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 85-102, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> )           ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 85-102, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> )           ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 85-100, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> )           ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M AND NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids         DIN EN, body, 1051, 14408, 14571 and 144011/440, DN 32-40, PN 26, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> )           41         2417         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 85-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> )           ANSI, body, A216 WCC, A351 CF8M and A182 F316/A182 F316L, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 85-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> )		46	2465 (46-5) 2466 (46-6) 2467 (46-7) 2469 (46-9)	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT and CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
48         2489 2489         DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT and CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup> 40         2405         DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup> 40         2406         DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup> 40         2406         DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-00, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup> 50         DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-20, DN 65-126, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup> DIN EN, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, MPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids           50         ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, MPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-200, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, MPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-400, FN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, MPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids         DIN EN, body, 10619, 1.4408, 1.4571 and 1.44011.4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC, A051 CF8M, MPS 1½-2, Class 151, all fluids         DIN EN, body, 216 WCC, A051 CF8M, MPS 1½-2, Class 161, all fluids           42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, 216 WCC, A051 CF8M, MPS 1½-2, Class 162, all fluids           41         2417         ANSI, body, A216 WCC, A051 CF8M, and A182 T1401, 4404, N0 32-40, PN 25, all fluids           42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, 216 WCC, A051 CF8M, MPS 1½-2, Class 162, all fluids		47	2471 (47-1) 2474 (47-4) 2475 (47-5) 2479 (47-9)	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT and CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
40         2405         DN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> 40         2406         DN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> 2406         2406         DN EN, body, EN-GJS-20, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> 2406         DN EN, body, EN-GJS-20, DN 65-126, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DN EN, body, A216 W/C and A351 CF8M, MPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids           41         2412           41         2417           41         2412           42         2421 RS           DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-20, DN 65-120, PN 46, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 W/C and A351 CF8M, MPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids           42         2421 RS           DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-200, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 W/C and A351 CF8M, MPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids           42         2421 RS           43         DIN EN, body, 10511, 14408, 14571 and 144011/4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 W/C, A951 CF8M and A182 F3164, A051 NS-2, Class 16           44         2421 RS           0DI EN, body, 10511, 14408, 14571 and 144011/4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, 216 W/C, A951 CF8M and A182 F3164, A051 NS-2, Class 15           41         2337		48	2488 2489	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT and CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
40         Anst. body. A216 WUC and A26.05 (1-96M, MPS 1%-2, Class 105, all illudis DIN EN, body. EN-GL-26A, 200, N6 5-125, PN 16, fludis G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2406         DIN EN, body. EN-GL-26A, 200, N6 5-125, PN 16, fludis G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body. A216 WJC and A351 CF8M, MPS 1%-2, Class 150, all fluidis           41         2412           41         2412           41         2412           41         2412           41         2412           42         2417           41         2412           42         2417           44         2417           42         24218           44         2417           44         2417           44         2418           42         2421 RS           44         2421 RS           500 ND, 10519, 1.4408, 1.4571 and 1.44011.4404, ND, 32-30, PN 15, all fluidis           42         2421 RS           600 NEN, body, 216 WCC, and 51 cF8M, MPS 1%-2, Class 105, all fluidis           610 NEN, body, 216 WCC, and 51 cF8M, 414011.4404, ND, 32-30, PN 15, all fluidis           610 NEN, body, 216 WCC, and 51 cF8M, 41401.14404, ND, 32-40, PN 25, all fluidis           610 NEN, body, 216 WCC, and 51 cF8M, 41401.14404, ND, 32-40, PN 25, all fluidis           610 NEN, body, 216 WCC, and 51 cF8M, 41			2405	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
40         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2406         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 55-125, PN 25, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 C56M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids           41         2417           ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 C56M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids           42         2417           ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 C76M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids           42         2421 RS           DIN EN, body, EN-GL-260, DN 65-100, PN 16, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 C76M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids           42         2421 RS           DIN EN, body, EN-GL-260, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC, A351 C76M and A182 F316/A182 F316L, NPS 1½-2, Class 15           41         2417           42         2421 RS           DIN EN, body, 210 511, 41403, 14471 and 14401, A404, DN 32-40, PN 25, fluids C3, L2           ANSI, body, A216 WCC, A351 C76M and A182 F316/A182 F316L, NPS 1½-2, Class 15           ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C3, L2           DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids C2, L2 <sup>20</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-120, PN 16, fluids C2, L2, 11 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-120, PN 16, fluids C				ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids
Self-operated Regulators         2406         Din EN, body, EN-GJS-40, Class 125, Mulds G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INPS 3-4, Class 125, Mulds G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INPS 3-4, Class 125, Mulds G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> Self-operated Regulators         41         2412         Din EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-100, PN 16, Mulds G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INPS 3-4, Class 125, Mulds G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> Din EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-100, PN 16, Mulds G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 42         2421         Din EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-100, PN 16, Mulds G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 42         2421 RS         Din EN, body, C16 WCC and A351 CF8M, MP 51/42, Class 150, Ml fluids           42         2421 RS         Din EN, body, 10619, 1.4408, 1.4571 and 1.4401/1.4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, Mulds G2, L2 <sup>10</sup> 42         2421 RS         Din EN, body, 216 WCC and A351 CF8M, MP 51/42, Class 150, Ml fluids           42         2421 RS         Din EN, body, 1.0619, 1.4408, 1.4571 and 1.4401/1.4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, Mulds G2, L2 <sup>20</sup> 41         Din EN, body, 216 WCC, And 251 CF8M and A1401/1.4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, Mulds G2, L2 <sup>20</sup> 42         2421 RS         Din EN, body, 216 WC, 216 WC, 216 WC, 216 WC, 216 WC, 216 WC, 217 WC           43         Din EN, body, 216 WC, 216 WC, 216 WC, 216 WC, 217 WC           44         Din EN, body, 216 WC, 216 WC, 216 WC, 217 WC           44         Din EN, body, 216		40		DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup>
Ansi, body, A126 B, NPS 34, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>3</sup> Ansi, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 11/2, Class 150, all fluids           Self-operated Regulators           41           2412           2417           ANSI, body, EN-GL,250, DN 65-100, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>3</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GL,250, DN 65-100, PN 5, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>3</sup> ANSI, body, A268 B, NPS 34, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>3</sup> ANSI, body, A268 B, NPS 34, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>3</sup> ANSI, body, A268 B, NPS 34, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>3</sup> 42         2421 RS           BN EN, body, 10619, 14408, 14471 and 144011,4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, all fluids           41         DIN EN, body, 10619, 14408, 14571 and 144011,4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, all fluids           42         2421 RS           BN EN, body, 10619, 14408, 14571 and 144011,4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, all fluids           all fluids         DIN EN, body, 10619, 14408, 14571 and 144011,4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, all fluids           -         2331           DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-400-18-L1, DN 65-10, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-400-18-L1, DN 65-10, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-40, ES-00, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>31</sup> -         2333           DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-40, Class 10, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>31</sup> - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>2406</td> <td>DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1<sup>1/</sup></td>			2406	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 50, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1/</sup>
Arest, body, A216 WLC and A351 CFeM, MPS 1%-2, Class 105, all midds           Self-operated Regulators         UN EN, body, EN-GL-260, NPS 6-100, PN 16, fluids 62, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 41         2412         DIN EN, body, EN-GL-260, NPS 5-100, PN 16, fluids 62, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids 62, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GL-260, NPS 5-100, PN 25, fluids 62, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, 216 W.CC and A351 CFeM, MPS 1%-2, Class 150, all fluids           42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, 216 W.CC and A351 CFeM, MPS 1%-2, Class 150, all fluids           41         2417         DIN EN, body, 216 W.CC and A351 CFeM, MPS 1%-2, Class 150, all fluids           42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, 216 W.CC, A351 CFeM and A182 F316/A182 F316L, NPS 1%-2, Class 151           42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, 216 W.CC, A351 CFeM and A182 F316/A182 F316L, NPS 1%-2, Class 151           43         DIN EN, body, EN-GL-260, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids 62, L2 <sup>27</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GL-260, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids 62, L2 <sup>27</sup> 2331         DIN EN, body, EN-GL-260, DN 65-102, PN 16, fluids 62, L2 <sup>27</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GL-260, DN 65-102, PN 16, fluids 62, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GL-260, DN 65-102, PN 16, fluids 62, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2334         DIN EN, body, EN-GL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids 62, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 240				ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 1/
Self-operated Regulators         41         2412         Din EN, body, EN-G3-400, DN 85, Diul, 35 (L2, L1 <sup>17)</sup> Self-operated Regulators         41         2412         Din EN, body, EN-G3-400, EN, TS, Toulo, 54, DN 25, Diulids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17)</sup> ANSI body, A2168 MCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 14-2, Class 15, Diulids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17)</sup> ANSI body, A2168 MCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 14-2, Class 10, all fluids           42         2421 RS         Din EN, body, 10319, 14408, 14571 and 14401/14404, DN 32-60, PN 16, all fluids           42         2421 RS         Din EN, body, 216 WCC, A351 CF8M and A14201/14404, DN 32-40, PN 25, all fluids           43         2421 RS         Din EN, body, 216 WCC, A351 CF8M and A14201/14404, DN 32-40, PN 25, fluids G2, L2 <sup>27</sup> 51         Din EN, body, 216 WCC, A351 CF8M and A1427 F3164, NF 3164, NF 316				ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 1/2-2, Class 150, all fluids
41         2412         Diff EN, Body, EN-43S-400-18-L1, NN 30-80, PM 25, Multis G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI body, A268 N, PS 3-4, Class 125, fulds G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI body, A268 N, PS 3-4, Class 125, fulds G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> 42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, 10619, 1.4408, 1.4571 and 1.44011.4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, all fluids           42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, 10619, 1.4408, 1.4571 and 1.44011.4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, all fluids           41         242 RS         DIN EN, body, 10619, 1.4408, 1.4571 and 1.44011.4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, all fluids           42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, 10619, 1.4408, 1.4571 and 1.44011.4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, all fluids           43         MASI, body, A216 WCC, A351 CFBM and A182 F3164.NFP 1½-2, Class 15, all fluids         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-400-18-L1, DN 65-100, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>20</sup> 44         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-400-18-L1, DN 65-100, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>20</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> 45         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-200, DN 65-102, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-200, DN 65-102, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 46         2335         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-200, DN 65-102, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 47         2344         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-200, DN 65-102, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 48         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-200, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 48         DIN EN, body,				DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-100, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 //
Self-Operated Regulators         2411         ANSI body, A126 B, M-93-4, Class 122, Buds G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI body, A216 WCC and A35 1CF8M, M-P5 1/4, 2 Class 150, all fluids         101 EN, body, A216 WCC and A35 1CF8M, M-P5 1/4, 2 Class 150, all fluids           42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, A216 WCC and A35 1CF8M, M-P5 1/4, 2 Class 150, all fluids           42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, A216 WCC and A35 1CF8M, M-PS 1/4, 2 Class 16, all fluids            2331         DIN EN, body, 1.0619, 1.4408, 1.4571 and 1.4401/1.4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, all fluids            2331         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>22</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-200, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-200, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-200, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-200, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-200, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2333         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-120, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2344         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-120, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-1         ANSI body, A126 B, MPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-1         ANSI body, A126 B, MPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2,	Colf operated Degulators	41	2412	DIN EN, BODY, EN-GJS-400-18-L1, DN 50-80, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L17
42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, 10619, 14408, 14571 and 1440/114404, DN 32-60, PN 6, all fluids           42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, 10619, 14408, 14571 and 1440/114404, DN 32-60, PN 6, all fluids           42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, 21619, C1408, 14571 and 1440/114404, DN 32-60, PN 6, all fluids           42         2421 RS         DIN EN, body, 21619, C2, ABS, 12671 and 1440/114404, DN 32-60, PN 25, all fluids           44         DIN EN, body, 21619 (VCC, ABS 1CFBM and A182 F316(A182 F316), NF 316, NF 314-, C2 ass 12 all fluids            2331         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>22</sup> DIN EN, body, 10619, DN 65-100, PN 40, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> DIN EN, body, 10619, DN 65-100, PN 40, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, 10619, DN 65-100, PN 40, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2333         DIN EN, body, 10619, DN 65-100, PN 40, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2334         DIN EN, body, 10619, DN 65-100, PN 40, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2334         DIN EN, body, 1026 B, MPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2344         DIN EN, body, 1426 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2344         DIN EN, body, 1426 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-1	Sell-Operated Regulators		2417	ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L117
42         2421 RS         Din EN, body, 1039, 14468, 14371 and 1440/11.4404, DN 32-30, PN 25, all huids Din EN, body, 1039, 14469, 14571 and 1440/11.4404, DN 32-30, PN 25, all huids all huids all huids           42         2421 RS         Din EN, body, 1039, 14469, 14571 and 1440/11.4404, DN 32-30, PN 25, all huids all huids         Din EN, body, 1039, 14469, 14571 and 1440/11.4404, DN 32-40, PN 25, all huids all huids            2331         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-80, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>20</sup> Din EN, body, EN-GJ-80, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>20</sup> Din EN, body, EN-GJ-80, DN 165-100, PN 36, fluids G2, L2 <sup>20</sup> 2333         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-80, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>20</sup> Din EN, body, EN-GJ-80, DN 65-100, PN 40, fluids G2, L2 <sup>20</sup> Din EN, body, EN-GJ-80, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> 2335         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-80, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2334         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-10, DN 65-10, PN 40, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2334         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-10, DN 65-10, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2334         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-10, DN 65-10, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2344         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-10, DN 65-10, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-1         ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup>	Self-operated Regulators			ANSI, 000Y, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 1/2-2, Class 150, all fluids
42         2421 RS         Dir EN, 0007, 2476 WCC, AS5 CF8M and A15E 2736/A152 F316, 152-32.         105-32.           ANSI, body, A216 WCC, AS5 CF8M and A15E 2736/A152 F316/A152 F316/A156 C2 L2 <sup>2</sup> 2331         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-200, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>2</sup> 2333         DIN EN, body, 16019, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2333         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-250, DN 65-120, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2334         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-250, DN 65-120, FN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2334         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-250, DN 65-120, FN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2334         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-250, DN 65-120, FN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2334         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-250, DN 65-120, FN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2344         DIN EN, body, A128 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-1         ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-2				DIN EN, body, 1.0019, 1.4408, 1.4571 and 1.4401/1.4404, DN 32-30, PN 16, all Iluids
2331 2337         DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-360, DN 65-102, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-360, DN 65-102, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-102, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-102, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-102, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>21</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-102, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-102, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-102, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-360, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-360, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-360, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-360, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN. body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, FN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body,		42	2421 RS	ANSI, body, A216 WCC, A351 CF8M and A182 F316/A182 F316L, NPS 1½-2, Class 15
2331 2337         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-420, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids C2, L2 <sup>20</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-400-18-LT, DN 65-100, PN 16, fluids C2, L2 <sup>20</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-400-18-LT, DN 65-100, PN 16, fluids C2, L2 <sup>20</sup> DIN EN, body 1019, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids C2, L2 <sup>20</sup> DIN EN, body 1019, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids C2, L2 <sup>20</sup> DIN EN, body 1019, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids C2, L2 <sup>20</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids C2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B,	Self-operated Regulators			all fluids
2331 2337         Din EN, body, EN-GJ8-400-18-LT, DN 65-150, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>9</sup> 2337         Din EN, body, EN-GJ8-400-18-LT, DN 65-150, PN 15, fluids G2, L2 <sup>9</sup> 2338         Din EN, body 1.0619, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>9</sup> 2338         Din EN, body 1.0619, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>19</sup> 2338         Din EN, body 1.0619, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2338         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2334         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2344         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2344         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404         Din EN, body, A128 B, NPS 34, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-1         ANSI body, A128 B, NPS 34, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-2         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-2         Din EN, body, A128 B, NPS 34, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-2         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-2				DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>2)</sup>
2337         Din EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 65-125, PN 25, fixed SG, L2?           Din EN, body, IDM, CAJS-400-18-LT, DN 65-125, PN 15, fixed SG, L2?         Din EN, body 10619, DN 65-100, PN 40, fluids G2, L2?            2333         Din EN, body, IDM, CAJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 15, fluids G2, L2.            2333         Din EN, body, IDM, CAJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2.            2333         Din EN, body, IDM, CAJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2334         Din EN, body, IDM, CAJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2334         Din EN, body, EN-GJA-00, DN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2334         Din EN, body, EN-GJA-400-18-LT, DN 65-00, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2334         Din EN, body, EN-GJA-400-18-LT, DN 65-00, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1°           Din EN, body, EN-GJA-400-18-LT, DN 65-00, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1°         Din EN, body, EN-GJA-200, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2404-1         ANSI, body, A216, BN PS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2404-1         ANSI, body, A216, BN FS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1°			2221	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 65-150, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>2)</sup>
Image: Control of the image: Contrel of the image: Contrel of the image: Contrel of the			2337	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 65-125, PN 25, fluids G2, L22)
Image: Control of the contro				DIN EN, body 1.0619, DN 65-200, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>2)</sup>
233 2335         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1"            2334         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 85-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1"            2334         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 85-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1"            2334         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 85-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1"            2334         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 85-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1"           Din EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 85-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1"         Din EN, body, EN-GJ-260, DN 85-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1"            2404-1         ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1"            2404-1         ANSI, body, A216 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1"            2404-1         ANSI, body, A216 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1"            2404-1         ANSI, body, A216 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1"            2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1"            2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1"            2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1"            2404-1         ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1" <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>DIN EN, body 1.0619, DN 65-100, PN 40, fluids G2, L22</td></t<>				DIN EN, body 1.0619, DN 65-100, PN 40, fluids G2, L22
2335         Dill EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-17, DN 85-80, PM 25, fluids G2, L2, L1°           ANSI body, A.726 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1°         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 85-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2334         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 85-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1°           DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 85-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1°         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 85-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2344         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 85-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2404-1         ANSI body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2404-1         ANSI body, A216 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJ-L250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2404-2         DIN EN, body, C2-16 WCC und A351 CF8M, INFS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids            2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2404-2         DIN EN, body, A128 B, NFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1°            2404-2         DIN EN, body, A128 B, NFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2,			2333	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> /
2334         DIN EN, body, EN-GL-26, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2334         DIN EN, body, EN-GL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GL-26, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-1         DIN EN, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-1         ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-1         ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-2         DIN EN, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-2         DIN EN, body, A126 B, NFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-2         DIN EN, body, A126 B, NFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> 2404-2         DIN EN, body, A126 B, NFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup>			2335	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-L1, DN 65-80, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 //
2334         Din EN, body, EN-SJL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-SJL-260, DN 65-125, PN 15, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> Din EN, body, EN-SJL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> 2404-1         DIN EN, body, EN-SJL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> 2404-1         DIN EN, body, EN-SJL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> 2404-1         DIN EN, body, EN-SJL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids            2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> 2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-260, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> 2404-2         DIN EN, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> 2404-2         DIN EN, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> 2404-2         DIN EN, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> 2404-2         DIN EN, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> 2404-1         ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup>				ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>(1)</sup>
-         2334         DIN EN, Body, EN-433-400,116-L1, UN 55-125, PN 15, Inuids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, Body, EN-433-400,116-L1, UN 55-126, PN 25, Inuids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> DIN EN, Body, EN-434-005,116-L1, UN 55-126, PN 25, Inuids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> -         2404-1         ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 34, Class 125, Inuids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> -         2404-1         ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, Inuids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> -         2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJI-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> -         2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJI-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> -         2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJI-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> -         2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJI-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> -         2404-1         ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> -         2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GJI-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> -         2404-1         ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup>				DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup>
Image: Control of the contro			2334	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-L1, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
Anist, doay, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, Itulio Sc2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PNI6, Itulio Sc2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, Itulio Sc2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, Itulio Sc2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CFBM, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids      2404-2     DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI A126 B, NPS 3-4, C				DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 65-80, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1.7
2404-1     ANSI body, EN-43L-250, UN 65-125, PNT6, Tudis G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI body, A268 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fullid G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A268 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fullid G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A268 WFS 20, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A268 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, INFS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI ANSI ANSI ANSI ANSI ANSI ANSI A				ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>-/</sup>
2404-1         ANSt body, A126 b, NPS 3-4, Litiss 122, Itulias 52, L2, L1            2404-2         ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 1/4-2, Class 150, all fluids            2404-2         DIN EN, body, EN-GL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids 62, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> /Gases according to Article 4(1)(c.i), second indent Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.i)         DIN EN, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids 62, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup>				DUILENS S ENGLAND OF DUILE FOR A S S OF S S S S
Image: Control of the second indext         Dime Explosition         Dima Explosition         Dime Explosition <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>2404.4</td><td>DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN16, fluids G2, L2, L1<sup>1)</sup></td></t<>			2404.4	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
2404-2     Div Erv. Door, Erv-Sut-2-20, Div Go-120, Fiv 10, Intitis 52, L2, L1      Div Erv. Door, Erv-Sut-2-20, Div Go-120, Fiv 10, Intitis 52, L2, L1      ANSI, body, A128 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1      Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.i), second Indent     Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.i)		-	2404-1	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> ) ANSI body, A126 B, NP5 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> ) ANSI body A216 MCC und A55 (CSM NDS 11/2 Class 120 all fluids
Gases according to Article 4(1)(c.i), second indent Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii)			2404-1	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 1/x-2, Class 150, all fluids DN EN, body, EN CIL 20, DN 65-125, EN 46, fluide C2, L2, L1 <sup>1</sup>
			2404-1	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids
	<sup>1</sup> Gases according to Article 4 Liquids according to Article 'Gases according to Article 4	 i(1)(c.i), secon 4(1)(c.ii) (1)(c.i), secon	2404-1 2404-2 Id indent Id indent	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup>
Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii), second indent	<sup>1</sup> Gases according to Article 4 Liquids according to Article 4 Gases according to Article 4 Liquids according to Article 4		2404-1 2404-2 Id indent Id indent	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, INPS 17/-2, Class 150, all fluids DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup>
Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii), second indent	<sup>1</sup> Gases according to Article 4 Liquids according to Article 4 Gases according to Article 4 Liquids according to Article 4		2404-1 2404-2 id indent ind indent and indent	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A168, PR53-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup>
Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii), second indent	I Gases according to Anticle 4 Liquids according to Anticle 4 Cases according to Anticle 4 Liquids according to Anticle 4		2404-1 2404-2 Id indent Ind indent	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup>
Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii), second indent	<sup>1</sup> Gases according to Article 4 Liquids according to Article (Gases according to Article 4 Liquids according to Article 4	 i(1)(c.i), secon 4(1)(c.ii) i(1)(c.i), secon 4(1)(c.ii), secon	2404-1 2404-2 Id indent Id indent Ind indent	DIN EN, body, EN-SJL-250, DN 65-125, PN16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, INF5 17/-2, Class 150, all fluids DIN EN, body, EN-SJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup>
Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii), second indent	<sup>1</sup> Gases according to Article 4 Liquids according to Article <sup>1</sup> Gases according to Article 4 Liquids according to Article 4		2404-1 2404-2 Id indent Id indent	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, PR5 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup>
Lquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii), second indent	I Gases according to Anticle 4 Liquids according to Anticle 4 Cases according to Anticle 4 Liquids according to Anticle 4	 (1)(c.i), secon 4(1)(c.ii) i(1)(c.i), secon 4(1)(c.ii), secon	2404-1 2404-2 Id indent Id indent	DIN EN, body, EN-SJL-250, DN 65-125, PN16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids DIN EN, body, EN-SJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup>
Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii), second indent	<sup>1</sup> Gases according to Article 4 Liquids according to Article Gases according to Article Liquids according to Article 4		2404-1 2404-2 rd indent rd indent	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A168, PR53-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup>
Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii), second indent	<sup>1</sup> Gases according to Article 4 Liquids according to Article <sup>1</sup> Gases according to Article Liquids according to Article 4		2404-1 2404-2 Id indent ad indent	DIN EN, body, EN-SJL-250, DN 65-125, PN16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 WFCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup>
Equids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii), second indent	I Gases according to Anticle 4 Liquids according to Anticle 4 Gases according to Anticle 4 Liquids according to Anticle 4		2404-1 2404-2 id indent ad indent and indent	DIN EN, body, EN-SJL-250, DN 65-125, PH16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI body, A126 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids DIN EN, body, EN-SJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>10</sup>
Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii), second indent	<sup>1</sup> Gases according to Article 4 Liquids according to Article Gases according to Article Liquids according to Article Liquids according to Article		2404-1 2404-2 id indent id indent indent	DIN EN, body, EN-SJL-250, DN 65-125, PH16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSL body, A168, PN53-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSL, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NP6 1½-2, Class 150, all fluids DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> RNSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> RNSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> RNSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> RNSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> RNSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> RNSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup> RNSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>17</sup>

That the products mentioned above comply with the requirements of the follow	ng standards:	[	
Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the harmo Member States relating to the making available on the market of press	nization of the laws of the ure equipment	2014/68/EU	of 15. I
Applied conformity assessment procedure for fluids according to Arti	cle 4(1)	Mo	dule A
Technical standards applied: DIN EN 12516-2, DIN EN 12516-3, A	SME B16.34		
Manufacturer: SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfur	t am Main, Germany		
Frankfurt am Main, 26. August 2022			
ppc. U. July ppd. Norbert Tolas Servicy Vice President	i. V. P. Juun i.V. Peter Scheermesser Director Birdust Maintenance * 55		
	r roudet maintenance & Eng	Jineered i roddota	
			Re
# EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY



#### Module H / N° CE-0062-PED-H-SAM 001-22-DEU

For the following products, SAMSON hereby declares under its sole responsibility:

Devices	1			
	Series	Туре	Version	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250 and 1.0619, DN 150, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
		2119	DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 100-150, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
Three-way valve			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 65-150, PN 40, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 6, Class 150, fluids G2, L2, L	.1 <sup>1)</sup>
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 2-6, Class 300, fluids G2, L2,	L1 <sup>1)</sup>
Self-operated Regulators		3222	DIN EN, body, CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, all fluids	
Three-way valve		3260	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 250-300, PN 16, fluids G2, L21)	
Globe valve	100004	3531	DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 50-80, PN 25, all fluids	
Three-way valve	V2001	3535	ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 21/2-3, Class 150, all fluids	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150-400, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 100-150, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 32-400, PN 40, all fluids	
Control valve		3214	ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 6-10, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC, NPS 21/2-10, Class 150, all fluids	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC, NPS 11/2-10, Class 300, all fluids	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150-250, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 150, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 100-150, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
			DIN EN body 1.0619 and 1.4408 DN 65-250 PN 16 all fluids	
	42	2423	DIN EN body 1 0619 and 1 4408 DN 50-250 PN 25 all fluids	
		-	DIN EN body 1.0619 and 1.4408 DN 32-250 PN 40 all fluids	
			ANSI body A126 B NPS 6-10 Class 125 fluids G2   2   11)	
			ANSI body A216 WCC and A351 CE8M NPS 2%-10 Class 150 all fluids	
			ANSI body A216 WCC and A351 CE8M NPS 11/-10 Class 300 all fluids	
			DIN EN body EN-G.II -250 DN 150-400 PN 16 fluids G2 1.2 1.11	
			DIN EN body EN-G.IS-400-18-I T DN 100-150 PN 25 fluids G2 I 2 I 1 <sup>1</sup> )	
			DIN EN body 1 0619 and 1 4408 DN 65-400 PN 16 all fluids	
			DIN EN body 1 0619 and 1 4408 DN 200-400 PN 25 all fluids	
	42		DIN EN body 1.0619 and 1.4408 DN 32-400 PN 40 all fluids	
			DIN EN, body, 1.0460, DN 40-50, PN 40, all Fluids	
Self-operated Regulators			DIN EN body 1.6220+OT DN 65-250 PN 16 all fluids	
oon operated regulatore		2422	DIN EN body, 1.6220+QT, DN 200-250, PN 25, all fluids	
			DIN EN body 1.6220+OT DN 32-250 PN 40 all fluids	
			ANSI body A126 B NPS 6-16 Class 125 fluids G2 1.2   11)	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351CE8M, NPS 21/-16, Class 150, all fluids	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351CE8M, NPS 1%-16, Class 300, all fluids	
			ANSI body A105 NPS 1%-2 Class 300 all fluids	
	1		ANSI body A352 I CC NPS 2%-10 Class 150 all fluids	
			ANSI, body, A352 LCC, NPS 1%-10, Class 300, all fluids	
			DIN EN body 1 0619 and 1 4408 DN 65-150 PN 16 all fluids	
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 50-150, PN 25, all fluids	
			DIN EN body, 10619 and 14408, DN 32-150, PN 40 all fluids	
	42	2421RS	DIN EN, body, 1,4571 and 1,4401/1,4404, DN 50, PN 25, all fluids	
	42	2421RS	DIN EN body, 14571 and 14401/14404, DN 32-50, PN 40, all fluids	
			Dirt Ert, body, 114011 dild 11440 in 114404, Dirt de 00, 11440, dir Idido	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CE9M, NDS 21/, 6, Class 150, all fluide	

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Devices	Series	Туре	Version
		2405	DIN EN, body, 1.0619, 1.4571, 1.4404, 1.4408, 1.0460, DN 32-50, PN40, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A105, A182 F316L, A351 CF8M, A216 WCC, NPS 1½-2, Class 300, DIN EN body, EN-G II -250, DN 150, PN 16 fluids G2 1.2, 1.1 <sup>1</sup> )
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 32-150, PN 40, all fluids
	40		DIN EN, body, 1.0460 and 1.4404, DN 32-50, PN 40, all fluids
		2406	ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 6, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L11)
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 21/2-6, Class 150, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-6, Class 300, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 100, PN25, fluids G2 1 2 1 11)
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 32-100, PN 40, all fluids
	41	2412	DIN EN, body, 1.0460, 1.4571 and 1.4404, DN 32-80, PN 40, all fluids
		2417	ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 21/2-4, Class 150, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 11/2-4, Class 300, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A105 and A182 F316L, NPS 1/2-3, Class 300, all fluids DIN EN, body, EN-G II -250, DN 150, PN16, fluids G2 1 2 1 11
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 und 1.4408, DN 32-150, PN 40, all fluids
		2404-1	ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 6, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L11)
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 2½-6, Class 150, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-6, Class 300, all fluids
		2404-2	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150-400, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>-1</sup>
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 und 1.4408, DN 65-400, PN 18, all fluids DIN EN, body, 1.0619 und 1.4408, DN 65-400, PN 40, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 6-16, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
Self-operated Regulators			ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 2½-16, Class 150, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 21/2-10, Class 300, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 250, PN 16, fluids G2, L2 <sup>1)</sup>
		2331 2337	DIN EN body, 1.0619, DN 200-250, PN 25 fluids G2, L2 <sup>1</sup>
		2007	DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 125-250, PN 40, fluids G2, L2 <sup>1)</sup>
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150-400, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L11)
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 100-150, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 65-400, PN 16, all fluids
	-	2333 2335	DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 200-400, PN 25, all fluids DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 65-400, PN 40, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 6-16, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 21/2-16, Class 150, all fluids
	L		ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 2½-16, Class 300, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150-400, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-L1, DN 150, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup> DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 100-150, PN 25, fluide G2, L2, L1 <sup>11</sup>
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 65-400, PN 16, all fluids
		2334	DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 200-400, PN 25, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 65-400, PN 40, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 6-16, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 2½-16, Class 150, all fluids
	<b>⊢</b> − +	2272	Aivor, body, A2 to WCC and A351 CF6M, NPS 2/2-10, Class 300, all fluids DIN EN, body, 1,4469 and 1,4470, DN 32-50, PN 40, all fluids
		2373	ANSI, body, A995 5A and A995 4A, NPS 1½-2, Class 300, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150-250, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L11)
Strainers	2N/2NI	2602	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 150, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
00001010	214/2141	2002	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 100-150, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 <sup>1)</sup>
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 100-250, PN 16, all fluids

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Devices	Series	Type	Version		
Strainers	2N/2NI	2602	DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 200-250, PN 25, all fluids		
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 32-250, PN 40, all fluids		
			DIN EN, body, 1.4408, DN 65-100, PN 16, all fluids		
			DIN EN, body, 1.4408, DN 32-100, PN 40, all fluids		
Gases according to Article 4(1)(c,i), second indent					

Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii)

That the products mentioned above comply with the requirements of the following standards:

Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of pressure equipment	2014/68/EU	of 15. May 2014
Applied conformity assessment procedure for fluids according to Article 4(1)	Module H	by Bureau Veritas 0062

The manufafacturer's quality management system is monitored by the following notified body: Bureau Veritas Services SAS, 8 cours du Triangle, 92800 PUTEAUX – LA DEFENSE, FRANCE Technical standards applied: DIN EN 12516-2, DIN EN 12516-3, ASME E 16.3.4

Manufacturer: SAMSON AG, Weismuellerstrasse 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Frankfurt am Main, 14. October 2022

ppc. U. Such ppa. Norbert Tollas Senior Vice President

Global Operations

i. V. P. Mume

i.V. Peter Scheermesser Director Product Maintenance & Engineered Products

Revision 00

Classification: Public · SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT · Weismuellerstrasse 3 · 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Page 3 of 3



#### Certificates



#### Certificates







DECLARATION OF I	NCORPORATION	samso
TRANSLATION		
Declaration of Incorporation	in Compliance with Machinery Dire	ctive 2006/42/EC
For the following product: Type 2231 Thermostat		
We certify that the Type 2231 Therm 2006/42/EC and that the safety requir observed. The relevant technical doct	ostat is partly completed machine as define ements stipulated in Annex I, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1 umentation described in Annex VII, part B ha	d in the Machinery Direc .5, 1.3.2, 1.3.4 and 1.3.7 s been compiled.
Products we supply must not be put in been declared in conformity with the p	nto service until the final machinery into whic provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42	h it is to be incorporated 2/EC.
Operators are obliged to install the engineering practice) as well as the precautions to prevent hazards that co as well as by the signal pressure and	products observing the accepted industry mounting and operating instructions. Oper ould be caused by the process medium and op moving parts.	codes and practices (g ators must take appropr perating pressure in the va
The permissible limits of application a data sheets as well as the mounting a on the Internet at www.samsongroup.	and mounting instructions for the products are and operating instructions; the documents are com.	e specified in the associa e available in electronic fi
For product descriptions refer to: - Type 2231 Thermostat: Mounti	ng and Operating Instructions EB 2231	
Referenced technical standards and/o - VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden M	or specifications: laschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) – Bedeutung	g für Armaturen, Mai 201
<ul> <li>VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdoku Armaturen vom Mai 2018" [Ger</li> </ul>	ment zum Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (200 man only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:201	06/42/EG) – Bedeutung fi 1-03
Comments:		
<ul> <li>See mounting and operating in:</li> <li>Also observe the referenced do</li> </ul>	structions for residual hazards. cuments listed in the mounting and operating	g instructions.
Persons authorized to compile the tec	chnical file:	
SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60 Frankfurt am Main, 20 September 202	) 314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany 21	
in UIU.	i. V. 7. Junum	400)
Stenhan Giesen	Peter Scheermesser	
Director Product Management	Director Product Life Cycle Management Valves and Actuators	and ETO Development for

DECLARATION OF	INCORPORATION	SAMSO
Declaration of Incorporation	in Compliance with Machinery Dire	ctive 2006/42/EC
For the following product: Type 2232 Thermostat		
We certify that the Type 2232 Thern 2006/42/EC and that the safety requi observed. The relevant technical doc	nostat is partly completed machine as define rements stipulated in Annex I, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1 sumentation described in Annex VII, part B ha	d in the Machinery Direct I.5, 1.3.2, 1.3.4 and 1.3.7 s been compiled.
Products we supply must not be put been declared in conformity with the	into service until the final machinery into whic provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42	h it is to be incorporated 2/EC.
Operators are obliged to install the engineering practice) as well as the precautions to prevent hazards that c as well as by the signal pressure and	<ul> <li>products observing the accepted industry</li> <li>mounting and operating instructions. Oper</li> <li>ould be caused by the process medium and op</li> <li>moving parts.</li> </ul>	codes and practices (gr ators must take appropri perating pressure in the va
The permissible limits of application data sheets as well as the mounting on the Internet at www.samsongroup	and mounting instructions for the products ar and operating instructions; the documents ar .com.	e specified in the associa e available in electronic fo
For product descriptions refer to: - Type 2232 Thermostat: Mount	ing and Operating Instructions EB 2231	
Referenced technical standards and/ - VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden M [German only]	or specifications: //aschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) – Bedeutun	g für Armaturen, Mai 2018
<ul> <li>VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdok Armaturen vom Mai 2018" [Ge</li> </ul>	ument zum Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (200 rman only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:201	06/42/EG) – Bedeutung fü 1-03
Comments: - See mounting and operating in - Also observe the referenced d	structions for residual hazards. ocuments listed in the mounting and operating	g instructions.
Persons authorized to compile the te	chnical file:	
SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 6 Frankfurt am Main, 20 September 20	0314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany 21	
in y f	i.v. P. Alumante	Ð
Stephan Giesen	Peter Scheermesser	
Product Management	Product Life Cycle Managemen Valves and Actuators	t and ETO Development for

DECLARATION OF II	NCORPORATION	SAMSC
TRANSLATION		
Declaration of Incorporation i	n Compliance with Machinery Dire	ective 2006/42/EC
For the following product: Type 2234 Thermostat		
We certify that the Type 2234 Therm 2006/42/EC and that the safety require observed. The relevant technical docu	ostat is partly completed machine as define ements stipulated in Annex I, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1. imentation described in Annex VII, part B ha	ed in the Machinery Dire 1.5, 1.3.2, 1.3.4 and 1.3.7 is been compiled.
Products we supply must not be put in been declared in conformity with the p	to service until the final machinery into which rovisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/4	ch it is to be incorporated 2/EC.
Operators are obliged to install the engineering practice) as well as the precautions to prevent hazards that co as well as by the signal pressure and it	products observing the accepted industry mounting and operating instructions. Oper uld be caused by the process medium and o moving parts.	codes and practices ( rators must take approp perating pressure in the v
The permissible limits of application a data sheets as well as the mounting a on the Internet at www.samsongroup.	nd mounting instructions for the products and operating instructions; the documents and com.	re specified in the associ e available in electronic
For product descriptions refer to: - Type 2234 Thermostat: Mountin	ng and Operating Instructions EB 2231	
Referenced technical standards and/o - VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden M	r specifications: aschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) – Bedeutun	g für Armaturen, Mai 201
<ul> <li>VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdoku Armaturen vom Mai 2018" [Gen</li> </ul>	ment zum Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (20 man only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:201	06/42/EG) - Bedeutung 11-03
Comments: - See mounting and operating ins - Also observe the referenced do	structions for residual hazards. cuments listed in the mounting and operatin	g instructions.
Persons authorized to compile the tec	hnical file:	
SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60 Frankfurt am Main, 20 September 202	1314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany	
w. 4.4	i.V. P. /ummen	v
Stephan Giesen Director Product Management	Peter Scheermesser Director Product Life Cycle Managemen	t and ETO Development for
	Valves and Actuators	



Revision 00

Classification: Public · SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT · Weismüllerstrasse 3 · 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Page 1 of 1



#### Certificates

CA	ORIGINAL	ON OF INCORPORATION	mA
Declara in accor Supply of	tion of Incorporation of F dance with Schedule 2 F Machinery (Safety) Regulations	Partly Completed Machinery Part 2 Annex II, section 1.B. of the Directive 200 2008	1 80
For the fol Type 24	lowing product: 22 Valve		
We certify Machinery and 1.3.7 been com	that the Type 2422 Valve is part (Safety) Regulations 2008 and are observed. The relevant tec piled.	rtly completed machinery as defined in the in Directive 2008 No. that the safety requirements stipulated in Annex I, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1. hnical documentation described in Annex VII, (Part 7 of Schedul	1597 1.5, 1 le 2)
Products v	we supply must not be put into se nity with the provisions of the Dir	rvice until the final machinery into which it is to be incorporated has ective 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2	s bee 008.
Operators as well as could be o parts.	are obliged to install the product: the mounting and operating instaused by the process medium a	s observing the accepted industry codes and practices (good engin structions. Operators must take appropriate precautions to preve and operating pressure in the valve as well as by the signal press	eerin nt ha ure a
The permi operating	issible limits of application and m instructions; the documents are	ounting instructions for the products are specified in the associate available in electronic form on the Internet at www.samsongroup.	d mo com.
- Ty; - Ty; - Ty; - Ty; - Ty; - Ty; - Ty; - Ty; - Sa Mo - Ty;	ses 1, 4 and 4u Temperature Re ps 2404-2 Excess Pressure Valve ps 2404-2 Excess Pressure Valve ps 2422/2425 Excess Pressure Valve ps 2333 Pressure Reducing Valve ps 2335 Excess Pressure Valve ps 2334 Universal Regulator with pe 42-24, Type 42-28 Differentia fety Temperature Limiters (STL) uniting and Operating Instruction pe 2213 Safety Temperature Mo	gulators: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 2111/2121/212 e with pilot valve: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 2540 g Valve: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 2547 Valve: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 2547 e with pilot valve: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 2552- with pilot valve: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 2552- structions: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 2510 I Pressure Regulators: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3 with Type 2212 Safety Thermostat: Is EB 2046 witor (STM): Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 2043	1 007 003
Reference - VC onl - VC vor	d technical standards and/or sp. I, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden Masc I) I, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdokumer m Mai 2018" [German only], bas	ecifications: hinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) – Bedeutung für Armaturen, Mai 201 nt zum Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) – Bedeutung f ed on DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03	8" [G ür Arı
Comment - Se - Als	s: e mounting and operating instruc so observe the referenced docun	ctions for residual hazards. nents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.	
Persons a SAMSON Frankfurt a	uthorized to compile the technic AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 am Main. 27 April 2022	al file: Frankfurt am Main, Germany	
iv yel	4-	i. v. P. Auman	
Stephan	Giesen	Peter Scheermesser	
Director Product N	lanagement	Director Product Maintenance & Engineered Products	



CA ORIGINAL	N OF INCORPORATION
Declaration of Incorporation of P in accordance with Schedule 2 Par Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulati	Partly Completed Machinery t 2 Annex II, section 1.B. of the Directive 2008 No. ons 2008
For the following product: Type 2232 Thermostat	
We certify that the Type 2232 Thermostat 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regu 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 1.3.2, 1.3.4 and 1.3.7 a nex VII, (Part 7 of Schedule 2) part B has	is partly completed machinery as defined in the in Directive 20 lations 2008 and that the safety requirements stipulated in A are observed. The relevant technical documentation described been complied.
Products we supply must not be put into s been declared in conformity with the prov Regulations 2008.	vervice until the final machinery into which it is to be incorporat visions of the Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (
Operators are obliged to install the produ neering practice) as well as the mounting tions to prevent hazards that could be ca well as by the signal pressure and moving	cts observing the accepted industry codes and practices (good and operating instructions. Operators must take appropriate p used by the process medium and operating pressure in the va parts.
The permissible limits of application and r mounting and operating instructions; th www.samsongroup.com.	nounting instructions for the products are specified in the asso e documents are available in electronic form on the Inter
For product descriptions refer to: - Type 2232 Thermostat: Mounting a	nd Operating Instructions EB 2231
Referenced technical standards and/or sp - VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden Mascl [German only] - VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdokumer Armaturen vom Mai 2018" [Germar	ecifications: hinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) – Bedeutung für Armaturen, Mai 2 nt zum Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) – Bedeutun nonly], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03
Comments: - See mounting and operating instruc - Also observe the referenced docum	tions for residual hazards. ents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.
Persons authorized to compile the technic	al file:
SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, 27 April 2022	Frankfurt am Main, Germany
w. U.J.	i. v. P. /lugues
Stephan Giesen Director Product Management	Peter Scheermesser Director Product Maintenance & Engineered Products
	Rf



# 15 Annex

# 15.1 Tightening torques

Table 15-1: Tightening torque

Part	Width across flats	Valve size/ actuator area	Tightening torque in Nm
Coupling nut (7)	SW 36	All	25

# 15.2 Lubricant

SAMSON's After-sales Service can support you concerning lubricants and sealants approved by SAMSON.

# 15.3 Tools

SAMSON's After-sales Service can support you concerning tools approved by SAMSON.

### 15.4 Accessories

Double adapter, manual adjuster, extension piece and separating piece can be supplied as required.

These accessories are listed under 'Accessories' in the 'Design and principle of operation' section and in ► T 2595.

# 15.5 Spare parts

#### 15.5.1 Valve





#### Annex



### 15.5.2 Control thermostat

There are no spare parts available for the Type 2231 to 2234 Control Thermostats.

### 15.6 After-sales service

Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for support concerning service or repair work or when malfunctions or defects arise.

#### E-mail address

You can reach our after-sales service at aftersalesservice@samsongroup.com.

#### Addresses of SAMSON AG and its subsidiaries

The addresses of SAMSON, its subsidiaries, representatives and service facilities worldwide can be found on our website (> www.samsongroup.com) or in all SAMSON product catalogs.

#### **Required specifications**

Please submit the following details:

- Device type and valve size
- Valve not balanced, balanced by a bellows or diaphragm
- Model number or material number
- Upstream and downstream pressure
- Temperature and process medium
- Min. and max. flow rate in m<sup>3</sup>/h
- Is a strainer installed?
- Installation drawing showing the exact location of the regulator and all the additionally installed components (shut-off valves, pressure gauge etc.)

# EB 2111/2121/2123 EN



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