Pressure Differential Controller

Type TDL, PN 16, DN 20 – 32 mm

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TECHNICAL DATA

Materials: -Valve body

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 RG5 CuSn5Zn5Pb5-C

 -Cone
 Stainless steel

 (W.no. 1.4305 - AISI 303)

-Diapraghm housing Nodular cast iron EN-GJS-400-15

(W.no.0.7040 – ASTM A395)

-Diapraghm EPDM rubber with

web reinforcement
(ASTM D2000)

-Capillary 2 pieces of 1 m, Cu

Pressure stage PN 16

APPLICATIONS

The TDL controllers which are made in 6 variants have the following major applications:

Control of differential pressure, noise and dynamic balance. In individual users circuits and sub-mains within a large distribution network. For example in District Heating or Group Heating networks. Control of by-pass between flow and return where 3 port valves or 2 port zone control valves are installed. To limit volume variations and maximum Δp . Similarly for low water content boilers and devices requiring a minimum circulation irrespective of load conditions.

With the addition of a miniature solenoid valve in the impulse connection the valve can also be used to isolate a circuit with respect to time or temperature.

FUNCTION

The TDL controller can be installed in either the flow or return of the sub-circuits.

The high pressure line is connected to the adjustment side of the diapraghm housing and the low pressure line to the valve body side of the diapraghm.

Any change of differential pressure across the diapraghm – which is connected to the valve mechanism – above or below the set point will cause the diapraghm to change its position. If higher than set pressure the valve will move to close, if lower than set pressure the valve will move to open, until the system is once again in balance.

Adjustment of the differential pressure setting is made by rotating the adjusting handle clockwise or anticlockwise until the desired set point is reached (see diagram). The upper edge of the adjustment cap in conjunction with the scale marked on the spring guide tube is an indication of the actual setting. The scale moves into or out of the handle loading the valve and diapraghm. The set pressure is shown on a percentage scale in 10 % increments.

FEATURES

- Good regulating accuracy
- Nominal pressure PN 16
- Max. temperature 150°C
- Self-acting

DESIGN

The TDL controller is a self-acting proportional controller consisting of a valve, a diapraghm and housing and two capillary tubes on either side of the diapraghm. The valve body is made of gun metal, and the seat and cone of stainless steel. The diapraghm housing is made of nodular cast iron, and the diapraghm itself is made of EPDM rubber with web reinforcement. If required, the TDL controller adjustment handle can be sealed, preventing unauthorised persons from altering the set point.

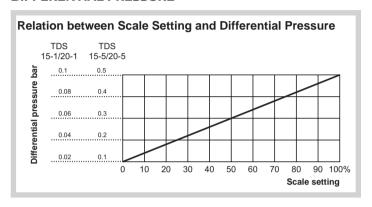
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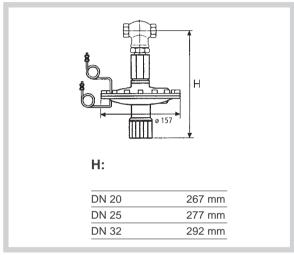
INSTALLATION

According to the conditions, the TDL controller can be built into either the return pipe or the flow pipe in a suitable position. The diapraghm area is large enough to give a sensitive response to small pressure variations; it is designed to be a compact controller without sacrificing performance.

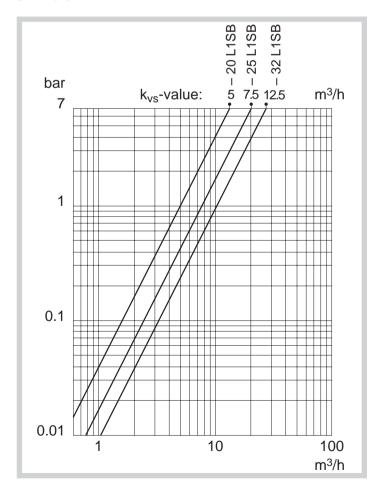
RELATION BETWEEN SCALE SETTING AND DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE



DIMENSION SKETCH



SIZING CHART



Type designation	TDL 1-20-1	TDL 1-20-5	TDL 1-25-1	TDL 1-25- 5	TDL 1-32- 1	TDL 1-32- 5
Valve type	20 L15B	20 L15B	25 L15B	25 L15B	32 L15B	32 L15B
Pressure stage PN 16	•	•	•	•	•	•
Max. temperature 150°C	•	•	•	•	•	•
Max. diff. pressure, Δp, across the valve in bar	7	7	7	7	7	7
Overall valve length in mm	95	95	105	105	138	138
k _{vs} -value	5	5	7.5	7.5	12.5	12.5
Setting range in bar	0.02- 0.1	0.1-0.5	0.02- 0.1	0.1- 0.5	0.02- 0.1	0.1- 0.5
Proportional band 10%	•	•	•	•	•	•
Weight in kg, incl. Valve	3.7	3.7	4	4	5.3	5.3
2 pcs capillary each 1 m enclosed, connection ISO 7 - R1/4	•	•	•		•	•