



CE



Installation and operating instructions





Exclusion of liability

All operation and maintenance related technical information, data and instructions contained in these installation and maintenance instructions correspond to the latest status when this went to print. To the best of our knowledge they include our present experience and findings.

We reserve the right to make technical alterations arising out of the ongoing development of the Flamco product presented in these installation and operating instructions. Therefore, no claims can be derived from the technical data, descriptions and illustrations.

Technical illustrations, drawings and graphics do not necessarily correspond to the actual delivered item - subassembly, individual component or replacement part. Drawings are not to scale and also include symbols for the sake of simplification.



Airfix D-E Installation and operating instructions

Dear Customer,

With the Airfix D-E membrane expansion vessel you have acquired a Flamco quality product.

This expansion vessel offers safe and reliable operation and simplicity of installation. In the following text you will find technical data, instructions and explanations to allow you to work properly and operate the equipment in safety.

Anybody instructed to carry out work or other operations on this expansion vessel must read these installation and operating instructions carefully.

We will be glad to answer any questions that cannot be clarified by the contents of this documentation.

Table of Contents

Chapter	Page
General	3
Technical data, equipment	4
Method of operation	6
Transport and storage	6
Assembly and installation	7
Commissioning	11
Maintenance, regular inspection	11
Annex: I	12

Annex: I

Additional technical information as well as supplemental details on special versions that we can provide is attached to this documentation as an appendix.

General

The Airfix D-E expansion vessel is a pressurised tank with a full membrane and adjustable gas admission pressure. It is intended for use in conformity with DIN 4807-5 and DIN 1988 in potable water systems

and potable-water heating systems.

To design the system, it is advisable to use the Flamco calculation disk for expansion vessels, which can be obtained on request from the Flamco Sales Office.





Technical data, equipment

The vessels are supplied as steel, upright models, painted on the outside and with a replaceable membrane. They are delivered on their side, packed on a non-returnable pallet.

Specifications of vessel

In compliance with DIN 4807-5, the vessel is manufactured and tested as specified in the German Pressure Vessel Regulations (DruckbehV). The membrane meets the requirements of DIN 4807-3 and DIN 4807-5.

Maximum operating pressure:
Maximum operating temperature:
Type tested, Test-No.:
Test-No.:

10 and 16 bar 70 °C/343 K (vessel and membrane) ZU 295/12 for the 10 bar version ZU 295/13 for the 16 bar version

or individual safety standards inspections in the case of special versions

Maximum water take-up capacity: 60% of nominal Maximum permissible gas admission pressure in the vessel's as delivered condition: 6 bar

The high quality butyl rubber membrane material ensures a low degree of permeability (gas transfer) which can practically be ignored in the vessel's intended function.

Components and scope of supply



- 3
- Membrane mounting (600 litres and up, inside the vessel)
- 4 Double system connection, coated internally to DIN 4753-4, direction of flow optional OPTION, a version in stainless steel 1.4301
- Inspection port (600 litres and up, top and 5 bottom)
- Pressure gauge with gas blow-back 6 protection, vessel connection Rp3/8 DIN 2999-1
- 7 Sensor for membrane ruptures, including signal cable
- Membrane rupture indicator, basic unit, visual 8 indication of membrane rupture given by a red LED

Nominal voltage: Nominal current: Protection grade:



5V DC from Input: the basic unit's

voltage supply. ca. 100 mA

Cable section: 2x1,5² for cable lengths in a ≦ of 500 m. Installation by the customer. Output: assignable floating contacts, makers and breakers

Nominal max current: 8 A Nominal voltage: 230 V AC

Installation by the customer

Nominal current:

- Electrical power cable and voltage supply for 10 basic unit and remote indicator Length of the cable plus plug 10A 250V VDE: 6m (from the basic unit's output)
- Gas filling valve, test connection
- 12 Model plate

Fig. 2 Model plate



6353

Please see the model plate (item 12) for the technical data on your version of the vessel



Tank dimensions, vessel connection specifications

The stated dimensions are nominal values.

Table 1 Primary specifications

								
Model	Total capacity Litres	Tank diameter mm		neight Im 16 bar		tion port mm I bottom	k k	ight g 16 bar
Airfix D-E 50 Airfix D-E 80 Airfix D-E 120 Airfix D-E 180 Airfix D-E 240 Airfix D-E 300	50 80 120 180 240 300	450 450 450 550 550 550	845 1025 1280 1235 1495 1835	845 1025 1280 1245 1505 1845	- - - -	120 120 120 120 120 120 120	60 70 80 110 130 150	70 80 95 135 160 190
Airfix D-E 600 Airfix D-E 800 Airfix D-E 1000 Airfix D-E 1600 Airfix D-E 2000 Airfix D-E 3000	600 800 1000 1600 2000 3000	750 750 1000 1200 1200	1850 2240 2740 2670 2420 3320	1850 2240 2740 2690 2435 3335	160 160 250 250 250	120 120 120 165 165 165	230 270 320 550 620 805	300 350 415 610 680 890

Bottom view

Fig. 3



Tank diameter



Fig. 4 **Remote indicator** dimensions

Accessories



Locating holes Ø 5 for 2 securing screws

Table 2 Bottom connection

Model	Hole diameter mm d	Hc spac m A	cing	Base circle diameter mm D
Airfix D-E 50 Airfix D-E 80 Airfix D-E 120		434	332	470
Airfix D-E 180 Airfix D-E 240 Airfix D-E 300	20	485	410	535
Airfix D-E 600 Airfix D-E 800 Airfix D-E 1000	20	589	589	680
Airfix D-E 1600		598	598	690
Airfix D-E 2000 Airfix D-E 3000		728	728	840

Table 3 Duo system connection

Model	Double syste Length a	em connection Height m e	Connection PN 16	Water flow with a pressure loss of 0,2 bar
Airfix D-E 50 Airfix D-E 80 Airfix D-E 120	320	190	Flange C40 DIN 2633	14.4 m³/h
Airfix D-E 180 Airfix D-E 240 Airfix D-E 300	320	185	(DN 40)	14,4 11711
Airfix D-E 600 Airfix D-E 800 Airfix D-E 1000	390	140	Flange C50 DIN 2633 (DN 50)	21,1 m³/h
Airfix D-E 1600	370	275	Flange C80	46,9 m³/h
Airfix D-E 2000 Airfix D-E 3000	370	260	DIN 2633 (DN 80)	0,0 117/11





Method of operation

The Airfix D-E membrane expansion vessel contains a gas chamber between the tank's inner surface and the membrane's outer surface as well as a water chamber inside the membrane. The gas chamber is adjusted to the required pressure in relation to the system specifications. A rise in pressure in the water chamber compresses the volume of gas and fills the membrane, whilst a reduction in pressure causes a water release. If the pressure in the gas chamber reaches the set water pressure in the system, water is drawn from the supply pipe.

In this status, water passes through the vessel with a very low loss of pressure.

Use in potable water heating systems

The vessel is installed in the cold water feed and takes up the heat expanded overflow volume. Drawing off water or a reduction in temperature leads to the water that has been taken up being released into the system.

Fig. 5

Illustration of the principles of operation



Use in pressure-boosting systems

The vessel can be used both on the admission pressure and the ultimate pressure sides. These installations are intended to prevent unacceptable water hammer in the event of minimum flow speeds and minimum supply pressures not being reached.

• Operation on the admission pressure side

The vessel is installed in the pump delivery line. It provides a suppy of water to meet the demand and reduces the frequencu for operating the pumps.

· Operation on the ultimate pressure side

The vessel is installed in the pump delivery line. It provides a supply of water to meet the demand and reduces the frequency with which the pumps are engaged.

Fig. 6

Illustration of the principles of operation Example of installation on the admission and ultimate pressure



Transport and storage

Airfix D-E membrane expansion vessels are delivered on their side on a non-returnable pallet in fully assembled condition. Additional fittings may be packed separately. The vessel should be removed from its packing and placed where it is to be used. Fittings (lugs) on the vessel to take up the strain are only to be used for transporting empty, uninstalled (as delivered) tanks. The vessel can also be temporarily stored in its packing. The necessary conditions for this are: an enclosed, frost free and dry area, with no vibrations and protection from heat and sunlight. Vessels must not be stacked on top of each other!



Assembly and installation

Ambient conditions

The membrane expansion vessels must be placed so that their operation, inspection and maintenance can constantly be ensured.

The tanks must be set up in an enclosed, frost free area, observing the minimum distances shown in Table 4.

The safe ambient temperature range for the vessel is 5-40 °C.

Table 4

Minimum distances



c: minimum clearance width

Foundations and mounting

The standing surface must be prepared so as to ensure that the vessel can stand on it securely and maintain an upright position.

The max. operating weights in Table 5 (the complete vessel including water filling) must be taken into account when constructing this surface.

The vessel must be mounted vertically (perpendicularly).

Table 5

Operating weight in kg

							Ci			D-E in litre	es								٦
50	I	80	120		180	240	;	300		600		800		1000	16	600	2000		3000
			1			1									1		1		
120	I	160	220	I	320	400	4	490	I	900	Ι	1150	I	1420	22	210	2680	I	3890

Irrespective of the individual case, operation of the Airfix D-E 50-3000 litres in pressure-boosting systems and as a water hammer suppresser requires a mounting. If used for other applications, a mounting must be provided from and including 300 litres and upwards (see also Page 6).

Details of available dimensions for the bottom connection are contained in Table 2 on Page 5.

Avoid those types of mountings that would adversely affect the vessel. Do not, for example, set the container's feet in concrete or plaster, nor weld the vessel or its base, nor clamp or tension its base plate nor suspend it.







Electrical items included in the delivery

or extension socket using the plug lead provided.



Electrical connection of the membrane rupture indicator, performed by the customer

Airfix D-E units are delivered with an installed membrane rupture indicator (see also Page 4, Technical data). This piece of equipment should be connected to a 10A 250V AC VDE wall

Electrical connection of the remote indicator, performed by the customer

The obligatory provisions for the intended individual case and installation point apply. Ensure that the installation is carried out by professionals trained in electrical installation work.





Danger, high voltage!

Only carry out installation and

maintenance work:

- if the membrane rupture indicator's mains plug has been taken out of the connecting socket,
- if any voltage running through the contacts for additional signal analysis of the remote indicator has been switched off,
- if the mains feed is protected against being switched on again, use insulated tools.
- lock the units after carrying out the installation.





Installation

The obligatory provisions for the relevant individual case and location apply. In addition, the following general rules for installation must be observed.

- The double system connection must be installed as a connection to the supply line.
 Note that the vessel must be operated in flow-through mode as specified in DIN 4807-5 in such as the system of installed in the work in the system.
- in every application. You must not install the unit in the stub or by-pass line.
- Ensure that this connection is made directly to the main potable water flow line.
 Installation of the double system connection is not governed by the direction of flow.
- Standing surfaces with a uniform level are preferred if more than vessel is being used (to increase capacity).
- Prevent the permissible water take-up volume (60% of nominal volume) from being exceeded.
- Choose sealants and feed lines in accordance with the project but which at least cope with the max possible pressure and temperature values on this supply line.
- Fit a shut-off device directly in the vicinity of the system connection to ensure against unintentional closure (fit one on each side if necessary).
- Install a filling and emptying device between the shut-off device and the system connection.
- When welding, prevent any weld metal from getting on or into the expansion vessel.

Important informationon the gas admission pressure



If it is necessary to use a vessel with a gas admission pressure greater than 6 bar, this pressure this pressure must be established using nitrogen if there is a counter-pressure on the water lines side. When building up the gas admission pressure to above 6 bar the difference between the water and gas pressures should be a maximum of 3 bar. The top-up unit must be fitted with a suitable, tested safety valve.

We would ask you to particularly take care that during assembly and dismantling as well as under special operating conditions (e.g. emptying the vessel) the difference between the gas admission pressure and the pressure at the system connection is not greater than 6 bar (e.g.: gas admission pressure 8 bar minus water pressure 2 bar equals 6 bar).

If more than one vessel is being used and they are not arranged on the same level, the relevant static height for setting the gas admission pressure must be taken into account.

Fig. 11

Notes on the vessel:

THE VESSEL MUST BE INSTALLED IN THE COLD WATER SUPPLY LINE WHEN USED IN WATER HEATING SYSTEMS

WARNING!

The vessel is under pressure! Before opening the vessel, check the gas pressure at the gas admission valve!

• Incorporation into potable water heating systems

The regulations, especially DIN 1988-2 and -4, governing potable water installations apply to this usage.

The expansion vessel must be fitted to the cold water line.

If the potable water connection unit does not include a pressure reducer, this must be provided to ensure a constant steady pressure.

The safety provisions specified in DIN 1988-2, section 4.3.4.1.1. "Safety valves in closed potable water heaters" must be observed.

The expansion vessel's admission pressure is adjusted by taking the admission/steady pressure behind the pressure reducer and subtracting 0.2 bar. If the pressure reducer and the expansion vessel are not on the same level, this must be taken into account accordingly.



Fia. 12

Installation diagram for potable water heating systems



• Installation in pressure-boosting systems

The regulations, in particular DIN 1988-2; -4; -5 and -6 governing potable water installations apply to this application. The details given by the pressurised system manufacturer should also be noted.

Directly connected systems (where the pressure-boosting system is directly connected to the supply line branching off from the feeder line) require receivers as specified in DIN 4807-5 where expansion vessels are to be used on the admission pressure and ultimate pressure sides.

An exception is the case of indirect connection and expansion vessels in lines carrying non-potable water (vessels with a single connection and no through flow may be used - see also Annex 1). We would however point out that a very low loss of pressure is achieved when operating a vessel with a direct through flow, which has a positive impact on the systems energy consumption.

Installation as a water hammer suppresser

The regulations governing potable water installations apply to this application. The details given by the water hammer suppresser manufacturer should also be noted.

The size and use of expansion vessels to reduce water hammer caused by rapid shut-off devices must be determined in accordance with the necessary system parameters and the device's characteristics.

According to the requirements for suppression, the vessel's placement in the conduit system can be in the supply and/or the drain side.



Commissioning

The regulations for potable water installations apply, in particular DIN 1988-8. In addition, the following general rules on commissioning apply. (Note also the installation instructions on Pages 7 to 10)

- Check and set the necessary system pressure.
- Check the gas admission pressure, which was set according to the vessel's application and which must not exceed the maximum figure of 6 bar before the vessel is filled.
- Inspect the pressure limiting safety fittings for correct operation and reliability.
- Connect the membrane rupture indicator to the voltage supply.
- Slowly open the supply valves for filling the vessel.

Maintenance, regular inspection

Maintenance on the vessel should be carried out annually by a contract plumbing and heating firm.

SCOPE OF THE MAINTENANCE:

- Checking the system pressure in relation to which the vessel's required gas admission pressure was determined. The pressure reducer should be adjusted as necessary.
- Checking the gas admission pressure and correcting it to the required value according to the project. Nitrogen should be used for raising the pressure and the top-up unit must be fitted with a suitable, tested safety valve. Note that this inspection requires the unit to be isolated via shut-off valves on the water

side and complete drainage of the water chamber (no pressure on the vessel's water side). Also note the valve configuration as shown in Fig. 12, Page 10.

- Leak test of the vessel's connections.
 - System connection and lower tank flange connection 1
 - 2 Pressure gauge and filling valve connection
 - Membrane rupture sensor connection 3
 - Membrane mounting (upper) and tank flange 4 (upper) on Airfix D-E 600 litre models and above.
- Function test of the equipment items. Use Flamco approved spares or accessories. Prevent items delivered by Flamco from being rebuilt or modified at someone's own initiative.
- Check the item's exterior for damage and corrosion. Deformation or rust on pressurised components can cause unacceptable stresses or strains, with a possible consequence of components being destroyed and people being put at risk.

Fig. 13

6373

We recommend that you use Flamco's Customer Service for your maintenance work.

Regular inspection

The fixed periods and scope of the inspection as laid down in the Pressure Vessels Regulations (DruckbehV.) apply. For inspection operations, the works and acceptance certificate including the acceptance diagram are available to the operator.

Table 6

Inspection periods

Type of inspection	Inspection interval Year	Airfix D-E 50/80 10 bar	Airfix D-E 120-3000 10 bar Airfix D-E 80-3000 16 bar
External inspection	2		
Internal inspection	5	The expert authority as specified in Paragraph 32	The specialist as specified in Paragraph 31 of the
Internal inspection	10	of the DruckbehV.	DruckbehV.



11



Annex I

Airfix D-E applications in indirectly connected systems or systems where vessels are installed in lines carrying **NON-POTABLE WATER**.

This type of installation **LIES OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF DIN 4807-5** and can be carried out if necessary using a non through-flow mono connection (for an installation in the stub or by-pass line).

The scope of supply corresponds to the design specified in DIN 4807-5 (see Page 4, Technical Data), but with item 4 in a mono connection design instead of a double system connection.

Table 6 contains the connection dimensions.

4 Mono system connection, internally coated as specified in DIN 4753-4 OPTION, a version in stainless steel 1.4301



Table 7

Mono system connection

Model		ystem connection
	Height mm e1	Wt DIN ISO 228-1
Airfix D-E50Airfix D-E80Airfix D-E120Airfix D-E180Airfix D-E240Airfix D-E300	300	11/2 " (DN 40)
Airfix D-E 600 Airfix D-E 800 Airfix D-E 1000	280	2 " (DN 60)
Airfix D-E 1600 Airfix D-E 2000 Airfix D-E 3000	390	21/2 " (DN 65)

Dimensions are nominal values